THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1872. [VOLUME IV---NUMBER 91

Evening Edition.

Price Five Cents

National Democratic Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT:

HORACE GREELEY,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

B. GRATZ BROWN,

OF MISSOURI.

[ELECTION NOVEMBER 5]

State Democratic Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR:

JAMES M. SMITH,

OF MUSCOGEE.

[ELECTION OCTOBER 3]

FOR CONGRESS:

ESTHER J. GLENN,

OF FULTON COUNTY.

[ELECTION NOVEMBER 5]

Fulton Democratic Ticket.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:

CLARK HOWELL,
W. L. CALHOUN,
R. F. HOGE.

[ELECTION OCTOBER 3]

FOR ORDINARY:

DANIEL PITTMAN.

FOR SHERIFF:

A. M. PERKERSON.

FOR CLERK SUPERIOR COURT:

W. R. VENABLE.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER:

C. M. PAYNE.

FOR TAX RECEIVER:

A. G. GRIER.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR:

S. R. HOYLE.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR:

B. F. WALKER.

FOR CORONER:

WILLIAM KILE.

[ELECTION JANUARY 1]

MONDAY, AFTERNOON SEPT. 30.

See Interesting Reading on Fourth Page

City and Suburban.

Cotton steady and unchanged to-day at 16 cts.

TEMPLETON'S TROUPE.—A notice of the performance of Templeton's Opera Troupe will be given on Saturday night was crowded yesterday morning.

The house was a good one. The Troupe is one of the most entertaining ones we have had here. It furnishes just that melange of sprightly and meritorious entertainment that is calculated to please an audience. We are glad to see that Templeton is drawing full houses. He deserves it. He is an indefatigable and enterprising public caterer.

Matilda Heron's Marital Dilemma

The Judge of the Probate Court in San Francisco has rendered a decision in the matter of Matilda Heron's application for allowance of $200 per month from the estate of her late H. H. Byrne. He reviews all of the petitioner's marital relations, complicated as they are, and makes learned argument in the case. The Judge decides against the application for alimony, but that the petitioner's right to a share of the estate is not effected by the lawful wife of Mr. Byrne. This is the way the Judge sums up the legal and moral points of the case:

"Although the applicant may not have been subject to criticism from a social stand-point, that is, she may have been sincere in believing herself not the wife if Byrne, yet if the marriage with Byrne was undissolved in law, it existed, and her relations with Stoepel were not inconsistent, I was not her belief that could make her fee to marry Stoepel; it could only be the legal dissolution of her former marriage. If she was free to marry Stoepel, she certainly was not the wife of Byrne. The applicant was doubtless pained at the death of Byrne, as were his many friends, but was she thereby deprived of any support or provision which she had heretofore enjoyed? I think not. It may be borne in mind that I am acting in any manner considering the right of the applicant to share in the estate of Byrne upon final distribution. That point will rest upon an entirely different foundation from the one now in hand.

DENIAL OF THE PETITION.

It may seem strange that one who may be entitled upon final distribution to share in the estate as a wife, should not be entitled to family allowance as such. I have only to say to the courts do not make the law or the facts. It is their business merely to construe the law as they find it to be, and apply to it the facts made by the parties. If I could find the law to be that the applicant was entitled to allowance, I should cheerfully consider her application; but being of the opinion that the law is against her in the matter, I must decline to order the commission asked for by the executor, and must dismiss the petition.

W. H. MYRICK,
Probate Judge.

HOUSTON COUNTY.

Colonel Glenn Makes a Good Speech.

PERRY, GA., September 27th, 1872.

Atlanta Constitution: Our candidate for Congress this district, Colonel L. J. Glenn, made a rousing speech here to-day to a large crowd of whites and negroes. At the conclusion of his address, General Warren told the negroes some wholesome truths which we must ought to produce a good result. Colonel Glenn is doing good service in this part of the district, and we hope to see him triumphantly elected.

The Radical ticket for the Legislature in this county is thought to be a meaner one, and is likely more depravity than our delegation in the last General Assembly, which was headed by Joel R. Griffin.

LIMESTONE.

HOUSTON COUNTY NO. 2.

PERRY, GA., September 28, 1872.

Atlanta Constitution: Yesterday, Colonel Esther J. Glenn made us a visit and a speech. He came among us a stranger to almost every man in the community, but before he left we all convinced that we had for a standard-bearer in the Fifth District a man truly worthy of Congressional honors. A large crowd, white and black, was in attendance; the speech was clear, forcible and convincing and had a splendid effect on the audience. We have a large negro population, but yes we were assured that Houston is going to try and roll off this time.

Colonel Warren, of this county, was called on and made a few remarks on local affairs. General is an "old Roman;" he don't tell the truth and to tell it to three Rads that were present under his withering denunciation of them, and then rubbed in thoroughly aroused, and will do more than we did at the last election.

LEON.

Georgia News.

The "Spotted Horse," Dr. Blount, aspires to the Senate. John E. Smith, in Harris county, had two mules and a hog killed by lightning. Judge J. S. Adams, of Cusseta, Chattahoochee county, is dead. The Muscogee Radicals have received a large sum of money to buy votes and pay negro's poll tax.—*Columbus 1am.*

Colonel Thomas Y. Reed, is dead.

The Rome Courier says men professing to be Democrats, who took part in the nomination, are secretly running for the legislature against the nominees.

The Democratic mass meeting in Americus was a success. A fine band discoursed music. An immense crowd attended. Colonel Hardeman, Colonel Hawkins, N. A. Smith, Esq., C. B. Hudson, of Schley, and Wm. Styles spoke.

One of the interesting features of the meeting of the Greeley and Brown Club, on Wednesday night, was the enrollment of the names of the colored members. Almost every colored voter of any prominence in the place, presented his name to be enrolled under the banner of Greeley and Brown. We are willing to bet that Sumter, in proportion to her population, can show more good clever, industrious colored citizens, at work with the Democracy, than any other county in the cotton belt.—*American Republican.*

In the large air-tight ice box, which was being placed in a corner of McConnell's new restaurant, at the corner of Drayton and Bay Lane, a man got locked up and nearly lost his life from suffocation. He was a carpenter, working by himself, fixing the door to the box, and was inside. The door fastens with a spring latch from the outside, and was carelessly pulled to by him, when he found himself a prisoner in a capacious but air-tight box, whose walls were double, with six inches of saw-dust rammed in between. With utter darkness about him, and a confined and limited quantity of air, and with the avenue of sound connecting with the outer world entirely obstructed, the man was in a truly horrible situation. His thumping and screaming at last attracted the attention of some parties who happened to go into the room, but the sounds were so indistinct, dull and deadened as not to give them their direction. In looking to find whence they proceeded, a gentleman happened to open the door of the ice box, when the man was discovered trembling with fright and exhaustion, down on his knees, with his mouth at a little hole, through which he was endeavoring to draw the veritable breath of life. Five minutes more in the awful position would have sealed his fate.—*Savannah Republican.*

Mr. James Smith, of Burke, is dead.

Burke county has 814 white and 2,037 black polls—white increase 42; black 325. Colored increase over 1870, 1,200.

Mrs. Mark Anthony, of Stewart county, is dead.

Mrs. Reese, sister of G. B. Lamar, died in Americus.

The people are beginning to wake up to the importance of paying their poll tax, and the Court House yesterday was the scene of life and activity. Whites and negroes thronged around the Tax Collector's desk, and several hundred polls were paid in. The Radicals have deposited the amount of five hundred dollars for the payment of such polls as they are sure of controlling, and there is nothing for the bought-up negroes to do but go up and be registered. In this way they are enabled to dispose of the matter rapidly.—*Savannah Advertiser.*

Cotton is opening very fast and our farmers are now busy gathering in the fleecy staple. Within a month it will all be open. The crop will be a short one owing to the August drought.—*Carroll Times.*

Mrs. Emily A. Reeves, of Griffin, dead.

The Bainbridge Democrat has this notice of Brimberry, the Radical candidate for the Senate in that district: "Until quite recently he has been an ultra Democrat, and above the remotest suspicion. It was he who furnished the guns to kill the negroes in the Camilla massacre several years ago, remarking as he handed them out: 'Kill the last d—n black son of a b—h of them.' Brimberry is also an enthusiast on the theory that a negro has no soul, but is simply an intelligent beast.

On Saturday last Senator Norwood delivered an address to a large and enthusiastic meeting of Democrats and Liberals, at Brunswick, and held them spell bound for more than two hours by his eloquence. The Appeal says: "The address was an able, eloquent, masterly, and exhaustive effort, and was received with enthusiastic demonstrations of approval. Upon the conclusion of the address it was unanimously resolved to tender the thanks of the audience to Senator Norwood for his able and eloquent address, and that he be requested to write it out for publication. The orator then ably and eloquently advocated the claims of Horace Greeley—always honest, ever the friend of humanity, pledged to an honest and constitutional administration, and the man who, in all the excitement, amid the wild and raging tempest of passion, engendered by the assassination of President Lincoln, wrote that immortal editorial advocating magnanimity in triumph.

Correspondence--Personal.

ATLANTA, GA., September 30th, 1872.

Editors Constitution: Please publish the enclosed correspondence. I ask it as an act of justice to a gallant, distinguished soldier, whose services in his country entitle him to respect, and who has recently been placed in a false position before the public.

Very respectfully, etc.,

T. W. HOOPER.

AMERICUS, GA., September 14, 1872.

Col. T. W. Hooper:

DEAR SIR:—Your favor of the 10th inst., I find among my mail on my return from Webster Court. You say "The original of the enclosed copy note was handed me a short time ago by General G. T. Anderson. Presuming he intended I should use it in the way best calculated to benefit him, I send a copy to you, without comment or suggestion. I adopt this course from a conviction that your well-known generosity and magnanimity will prompt you to do whatever may be just and proper in the premises."

The copy letter of General Johnston is as follows:

"*Gen. G. T. Anderson:*

DEAR SIR:—I have your favor of the 13th, referring to a "difficulty" between Lt. Bell and yourself in 1857. Being a member of the military party to which Lt. Bell and yourself belonged, I knew the circumstances, which in my opinion, justified you in declining Lt. Bell's challenge, as he had no claim upon you of the kind. So I thought it would have been a folly on your part to accept the challenge.

[Signed] Yours truly,
J. E. JOHNSTON."

In reply, I would say that I am glad that the letter of General Johnston relieves General Anderson from any imputation of dishonorable conduct in the affair to which it refers.

Very respectfully, etc.,

G. T. GOODE.

Unwritten History.

Grant Borrows 640, Wins Over $240 from Rufe Ingalls, and then Forgets to Return the 640—Maj. Owen's Luck.

During the summer of 1839, Major John Owen of the Bitter Root Valley, Montana Territory, then a part of Oregon, visited Fort Vancouver, on the Columbia river. There he met Col. Bonneville, Col. Morris, Capt. U. S. Grant, now President of the United States, Capt. Rufus Ingalls, then Post Quartermaster, and now Assistant Quartermaster-General of the United States Army, and other officers of the Fourth Infantry. The Major, with that suavity of manner and genial temperament which makes him one of the most companionable of men, was, in a very short time after his arrival, on intimately familiar terms with the officers of the fort. In the persons of Capts. Grant and Ingalls, and one or two others, the Major found kindred spirits.

A few evenings after his arrival at the fort, a poker game, or "cramming paper," as Ingalls called it, was made up. It consisted of Col. Morris, C. W. Rankin, now Colonel in the United States Army, at one time commander of Fort Ellis, Montana Territory, Capt. U. S. Grant, Capt. Rufus Ingalls and Major Owen. The game opened with some pretty heavy bets, and usual bad luck to some of the parties; Capts. Grant and Ingalls being the first of the party that were reduced, in mining phase, to bed rock. It was Col. Morris's deal, and Capt. Ingalls, with that desperation that characterizes poker players who have a run of bad luck, in the absence of chips (which were represented by $20 gold pieces) took from his finger a valuable ring and anted it as a blind. Major Owen sat upon Ingall's left, and passed, not having a hand that would enable him to see the blind. Capt. Grant, who occupied a seat next to the Major, picked up his hand and discovered a pair, and with a smile that was childlike and bland, said that he would see the blind.

Ingalls to Grant: Make me see the tangible evidence.

Grant to Ingalls: What is the value of the ring?

Ingalls: Twenty dollars.

Grant had no chips, but he did have a good pair. He shoved his hand over to Major Owen. The Major looked at it; there was a pair, sure enough—and a good at that. The Major had chips, but Captain Grant had none. In this emergency the Major's kindly and generous disposition asserted itself, for he played poker not for gain but for the amusement it afforded him. He did not want to see the game stop. He had plenty of chips. He felt that

He that hath plenty of chips
And giveth his neighbor none,
Shall have none of my chips
When his chips are gone.

He said to Captain Grant: "You have no chips; here are two twenty dollar gold pieces, take them and see the blind."

The Captain took them and called the blind. Captain Ingalls borrowed from his neighbor and raised the blind good. The cards were dealt. Captain Grant two cards, holding up an outsider to nigger with in case it came to a show down. Ingalls took three cards, drawing down to his hand like a bold and sagacious player. It was Captain Grant's first bet; having failed to strengthen his hand in the draw, he played them all the same by shooting off his jaw for $250. Captain Ingalls eyed him closely; he had not helped his hand in the draw; he believed, however, that he had the top hand. There was something in Captain Grant's manner that convinced Ingalls that Grant was bluffing. So following his "pre" with a firm grip upon his pair, he called Captain Grant's bet of $250, at the risk of breaking his jaw. The hands were laid upon the table. Captain Ingalls had a pair of queens with a king, and Capt. Grant had a pair of queens with an ace. Grant exhibited generalship in holding up an ace to nigger. It had won the pot and given him a lien upon Ingalls' jaw for $250.

Now there is nothing very remarkable about this, after all. Many very excellent men play poker, and when they are out of chips they borrow from their neighbor, and when they can't borrow chips, they shoot off their jaws for even larger sums than $250, and if they win they return the chips borrowed, or give an extension of jaw bone, if they loose; but in this instance Capt. Grant forgot to return the $40 borrowed from Maj. Owen, and what is equally as remarkable, he has forgotten to return it up to the present hour. "Let us have peace," but above all, let $40 be paid to Major John Owen, with reasonable interest thereon since the summer of 1852.—*Missoula (Mon.) Pioneer.*

BY TELEGRAPH:

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Mr. Greeley's Closing Speech.

Goldsmith Maid Wins $10,000.

Gov. Curtis Declares for Buckalew and Greeley.

Moulders' Strike in Lisbon, Portugal.

The Indian Chiefs Satanta and Big Tree.

Financial and Commercial.

SUNDAY'S DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, September 29.—Oregon elected Mitchell (Republican) to the United States Senate. Mitchell succeeded Corbett.

The government sells a million of gold on Thursdays, and buys a million of bonds on Wednesdays in October.

NEW YORK, September 29.—Mr. Greeley made his closing speech very brief. He said, "I don't mean to be tortured into saying another word in the canvass. I have explained myself as fully as seems necessary, and I trust that the good work may go on."

Rev. Francis Vinten, D. D., assistant minister of Trinity parish, is dead.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., September 29.—The Knights of Crispin Co-operative Shoe Factory has burned.

The convict, Michael Mitchell, who murdered his cell mate, has been convicted of murder in the first degree. He pleaded insanity.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., September 29.—The jury in the Fair case came into court this morning for additional instructions on the question of proof of insanity, which is the only ground of defense. The court instructed them that unless the evidence introduced for the purpose of showing insanity is sufficient to overcome the presumption of sanity, it is not sufficient. The jury retired again, and will remain out until Monday.

Goldsmith Maid beat Lucy for $10,000. Time, 2:30, 2:17¼, 2:23¼.

BELLEFONTAINE, PA., September 29.—Gov. Curtin had a brilliant reception here. He made a long speech, echoing Greeley in almost every respect, and declaring emphatically for Buckalew. He made no positive declaration regarding the National politics, beyond denouncing centralization and theft.

LONDON, Eng., September 29.—The Observer says it is reported that Sir Roundell Palmer has accepted the Lord Chancellorship in the place of Lord Hatherly, who resigns.

PERIS, FRANCE, September 29.—The conservative journals condemn Gambetta's speech at Grenoble.

The Patrie publishes a report of the recent conversation with President Thiers, in which he declares that every one in Europe desires peace. Germany has weakened herself by the annexation of non-German territory. Prussia is friendly and Austria sympathizes with France. Italy remembers the past. France will have her revenge, not by arms, but by her works—she has nothing to fear.

LONDON, September 29.—The foundries of this city, with few exceptions, have closed their door, locking out some 200 workmen, whose demands the proprietors refuse to grant. Some firms, however, have yielded, and it is believed others will follow. The workmen's movement is strong, and it is rumored is supported, if not ordered, by the intelligent society.

BERLIN, PRUSSIA, September 29.—The Bishop of Ermeland adheres to his position to secular authority on the question of excommunication.

CALCUTTA, INDIA, September 29.—The damage to the jute crop by the cyclone of the 21st inst, in Serajiguge, is estimated at fifty thousand pounds.

ALEXANDRIA, EGYPT., Sept. 29.—A Special Messenger from Constantinople bearing a firman of the Sultan to the Viceroy of Egypt has arrived in Cairo. The firman will be publicly read and promulgated tomorrow with usual ceremonies in firing a salute from the citadel.

MADRID, SPAIN, September 29.—A reinforcement of five hundred regulars arrived at Payerda yesterday, and the Carlists, who were besieging the town, disappeared in the mountains.

MONDAY'S NOON DISPATCHES

ST. LOUIS, MO., September 30.—Satanta, Chief of the Kiowa Indians, and Big Tree, another notable Chief of the same tribe, who have been temporarily released from a Texas prison, arrived here to-day in custody, and were taken to the Everett House, where other Indians were stopping.

During the day a Council was held. The meeting of Satanta and Big Tree was one of the most affecting scenes in Indian history. Their ordinary stoicism gave way entirely and they hugged and kissed each other and cried like children.

Satanta made a speech, in which he said that he felt like one risen from the dead. He referred to the talk he had had with Gov. Davis, of Texas, who told him he must work hard for peace, and influence his people. If he did this he should be released. He wanted his own people and all other Indians to be at peace with the whites, to let Texas alone and not go on the war path. It is not intended to take Satanta and Big Indian to Washington, but they will probably be placed in the custody of the United States Marshal to-morrow, and held subject to orders from Washington. There is a strong desire on the part of the Indians that Satanta be pardoned and probably if he is, almost any desired terms can be made with them.

TITUSVILLE, PA., September 30.—At the final meeting of the Oil Producers it was resolved to stop pumping thirty days. All the districts were represented and the feeling unanimous.

PARIS, FRANCE, September 30.—Victor Hugo has been nominated by the Republicans of Algiers for a member of the French Assembly.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, September 29.—Cotton dull; uplands 18½, Orleans 19½; sales 880 bales

Flour steady. Wheat advancing. Corn shade firmer. Pork steady at $14 10@14 12½. Lard dull; steam 9¾@9¾. Turpentine steady at 65. Rosin steady at $4 50 for strained. Freights firm.

Money firm at 7. Exchange—long 7¾; short 8¾. Stocks steady. Gold firm at 18¾. Governments quiet and steady. State bonds steady.

LONDON, September 29, noon.—Consols 92½; 5's 89¾.

FRANKFORT, September 29.—Bonds 95¼.

PARIS, September 29.—Rentes 58f 55c.

LIVERPOOL, September 29, noon.—Cotton quiet and steady; uplands 9¼; Orleans 9¾.

LATER—Cotton closed steady; uplands 9¼; Orleans 9¾; sales 14,000; speculation and export 4,000.

Breadstuffs quiet and steady. Prime mess 55s.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

ATLANTA, GA., September 16th, 1872.

I HAVE THIS DAY withdrawn from the firm of Hazelle & Hope, by virtue of the sale of my full interest to Fred. Hope.

Thanking my friends for the many favors already received, I beg that the same be extended to Mr. Hope, who will continue the business at the old stand under auspices particularly favorable towards gratifying the wants of the public.

sep20-d3t GEO. TAYLOR.

MUSICAL PEOPLE EVERYWHERE

Are invited to examine our new Collection of Church Music, entitled

The Standard!

The following gentlemen, well-known in Musical circles, contribute Tunes, Sentences or Anthems to its pages.

H. K. Oliver, L. L. Southard, C. P. Morrison,
L. W. Wheeler, Nathan Barker, M. Slabon,
T. H. Tenney, C. G. Gutterson, G. M. Monroe,
J. H. Tenney, F. C. Cushman, G. W. Ballard,
S. P. Merrill, W. P. Dale, Otto Lobb,
Dr. M. L. Wanger, S. Wesley Martin.

The Editors are,

L. O. EMMERSON, of Boston,
H. R. PALMER, of Chicago,

of whose former publications, 1,000,000 copies have been sold.

While designed to supply the wants of Chorus Choirs, Singing Schools and Conventions, its large supply of new Sentences, Motets and Anthems, renders it an excellent

Book for Quartette Choirs.

Price, $1 50 per dozen, $13 50. For $1 25, specimen copies will be mailed, for the present, post-paid to any address.

We also commend our new SPARKLING RUBIES, 35 cts.) for Sabbath Schools, PILGRIM'S HARP, (50 cts.) for Vestries, and HOUR OF SINGING, ($1 00) for High Schools.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston.
CHAS. H. DITSON & CO., New York.

sep28 sp23—(Wed&Sat&wly

In the Fifth Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of Georgia.

HARVEY TERRY and others, Complainants, and THE MERCHANTS' AND PLANTERS' BANK, and HIRAM ROBERTS, Defendants. In Equity.

ALL persons interested are hereby notified that by virtue of an order granted by the Honorable John Erskine, one of the Judges of the said Court, the undersigned has been appointed Master in Chancery in the above cause, to examine into and take an account of the amount, character and by whom presented, of all claims of any and all persons whomsoever, including attorneys, assignees, receivers, etc., against the fund assigned by the

MERCHANTS' AND PLANTERS' BANK

to Hiram Roberts for the benefit of its creditors, or in any manner arising out of or connected with the execution of said trust, and report the same to the next term of said Court.

And that in accordance with said order the undersigned will hold a sitting at his office in the city of SAVANNAH, at 10 A. M., on the twenty-first day of October next, and report upon the said several claims upon said Trust.

ANDREW SLOAN, Master etc.

Savannah, Ga., September 25, 1872.
sept19-d3awsw

DR. VAN NORMAN'S

ENGLISH, FRENCH and GERMAN Family and Day School for Young Ladies and Children, New York. Will commence on Wednesday, September 25, 1872. For full information, send for Catalogue. Address DR. C. VAN NORMAN,
17 West 43d street, New York.

sep24-d3m—weksw4

To Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned until October 30th for Building a

Baptist Church at Stone Mountain;

Bidders to give estimates for building of brick, rock and concrete, the committee reserving the right to reject any or all of the bids.

Plans can be seen upon application to J. W. McCurdy.

P. B. McCURDY, Chairman,
W. G. WILDEY, Secretary,
Building Committee.

Stone Mountain, September 24, 1872.

sep25-d4w3pd

O. A. SMITH,

MANUFACTURER OF

Felt, Cement and Gravel Roofing,

CONCRETE PAVING, Dry and Tarred Sheathing Felt, Coal and Asphaltum for sale. Office and Factory, Elliott street, rear of Gas Works.

sep25-d4w3m

A. B. PHELPS, Jr.,

(Formerly of Griffin, Ga.)

BANKER AND BROKER,

MADISON, GA.,

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS DONE.

Collections promptly attended to.

sep21-d3m—fri sat-sun

GAINESVILLE HOTEL

Gainesville, Georgia,

J. A. CHRISTIAN, Proprietor.

THIS House has been Refitted and Supplied with New Furniture, and will compare with the best. The Table always supplied with the best the market affords, and special attention given to the comfort of guests.

There will be found at all times upon the arrival of regular trains, at the depot, hacks, etc., to convey to this house, free of charge, guests.

RATES OF BOARD:

Single Meals.....$ 50 | Two Weeks.....$20 00
Per Day.....2 00 | Per Month.....70 00
Per Week.....10 00

may7-sep30-6m

SOUTHERN TERRA COTTA WORKS.

THE undersigned have their works in full operation and are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of

TERRA COTTA WORKS,

—SUCH AS—

Window Caps,

Enrichments for Cornice, such as

BRACKETS, MEDALLION,

and everything in the Architectural line. Also,

CHIMNEY TOPS, VASES,

Flower Pots, Statuary, Etc., Etc.

ALSO MANUFACTURERS OF

SEWER PIPE

from 3 inches to 30 inches in diameter. Also, interior decoration, such as

Centre Pieces, Cornice, etc.

We will guarantee all the work that we undertake to execute to give entire satisfaction.

may21—dly PELLEGRINI & GIOBOL

GEORGIA, Fulton County.

To the Superior Court of said county:

YOUR petitioner, Paul Jones, Senior, showeth that in due course of trade and for a valuable consideration, on the 18th day of December, 1871, by purchase from one D. Kyle, he acquired title to a promissory note (here to the Court shown) for the sum of Eight Thousand Dollars, made by Amy H. Sells, W. A. Henderson and P. H. Snook, payable to said Kyle, or bearer, dated February 18th, 1871, and due on or before the first day of January, 1873; and that at the same time he, by assignment from the said Kyle, acquired title to a mortgage deed, (here also to the Court shown) executed by said Amy H. Sells to said Kyle and his assigns, to secure the payment of said note, and bearing even date therewith; which mortgage deed covers and embraces all that tract or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the city of Atlanta, and being part of A. J. Orme's subdivision of lot number one hundred and forty-six, in original lot number fifty-one, in the fourteenth district of originally Henry now Fulton county—said portion fronting north on East Harris street, one hundred and eighty-three feet and running back on Butler street two hundred and two feet, with all the rights, members and appurtenances to the said premises in anywise belonging.

Your petitioner avers that the condition of said mortgage deed is broken, that said note is wholly unpaid, and that the amount due thereon is eight thousand dollars, principal, besides lawful interest from maturity. He therefore prays that said mortgage may be foreclosed, and that the usual rule to that end be granted and served according to law.

L. E. BLECKLEY,
Petitioner's Attorney.

June 7, 1872.

On filing the foregoing petition, it is ordered by the court that the said mortgagor, Amy H. Sells, pay into court on or before the first day of the next term, to-wit, the second Monday in October next, the principal, interest and cost, or show cause why the equity of redemption in and to the said mortgaged premises should not be forever barred and foreclosed; and that this rule be served as prescribed by law.

L. E. BLECKLEY,
Petitioner's Attorney.

June 7, 1872.

A true copy from the minutes of Fulton Superior Court.

W. R. VENABLE,
Clerk.

June 8-d1awsw

Take Notice!

THE TIME FOR PAYING THE GENERAL TAX of the City of Atlanta expires on the last day of this month,

Come forward, pay up, and save cost and trouble.

JAMES H. FRANKLIN,
City Tax Receiver and Collector.

sept—d7w

BUY THE GENUINE

STANARD SCALES.

More than 250 Different Modifications

Agents also for the Best Alarm Money Drawer.

FAIRBANKS & CO.,
311 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
116 Baltimore Street, Baltimore.
18 Camp Street, New Orleans.

FAIRBANKS & EWING,
715 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & CO.,
118 Milk Street, Boston.

For sale by leading Hardware Dealers.

sep17—d3tawsw

OGLETHORPE UNIVERSITY,

Atlanta, Georgia.

THE exercises of this institution will be resumed on the

1st Monday in October

and close on the

1st Wednesday in July, 1873.

Tuition $25 per session—half in advance.
Board from $16 to $25 per month.
Tuition free to candidates for the Ministry in all denominations.
The Faculty is full and complete.
For further particulars address

REV. DAVID WILLS, D. D.,
President.
JOHN S. WILSON,
President Board of Trustees.

aug30-d3wsw

NOTICE.

Stockholders G. W. R. R. Co

BY a resolution of the Board of Directors, it was this day ordered that an installment of ten per cent. be collected from the stockholders of the G. W. R. R. Co., on the tenth day of October next, another installment of ten per cent. on the tenth day of November next, another installment of ten per cent. on the tenth day of December next, and another installment of ten per cent. on the tenth day of January next.

W. P. ORME, Secretary.

September 26th, 1872—sep27-d1m

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between us, the undersigned, Andrew Low, John Wood and John David Jenkins, under the firm of Isaac Low & Co., of Liverpool, England, under the firm of Isaac Low & Co., and of Savannah, in the State of Georgia, under the firm of Andrew Low & Co., was this day dissolved by mutual consent, so far as regards the said Andrew Low.

ANDREW LOW,
JOHN WOOD,
JOHN D. HOPKINS.

Dated this 31st day of August, 1872.

MR. ANDREW LOW, as above mentioned, having retired from the firm of Messrs. Isaac Low & Co., of Liverpool, the business of that firm will be carried on hereafter, under the same firm of Isaac Low & Co., by the undersigned, viz: John Wood and John H. Hopkins, with James Torrance Wood, who is this day admitted as a partner.

JOHN WOOD,
JOHN D. HOPKINS,
JOHN T. WOOD.

Limited Copartnership Notice.

WE, the undersigned, have this day entered into a Limited Copartnership, under the laws of Georgia, to do business at Savannah, Ga., under the firm name of Hopkins & Wood.

The general business of the business to be transacted is the purchase of COTTON FOR MERCHANTS.

John D. Hopkins, of Savannah, Ga., John Wood and James Torrance Wood, of Liverpool, England, are General Partners, and Andrew Low, of Savannah, Ga., is Special Partner.

Said copartnership business commenced on September 1st, 1872, and will continue for the term of one year, to end on the first day of September, 1873. The amount of the said special partner's investment is one-sixth of the first one hundred thousand dollars in gold.

JOHN D. HOPKINS,
JOHN WOOD,
JAMES TORRANCE WOOD,
ANDREW LOW,
Special Partner.

Dated this 1st day of September, 1872.

sep1-d3w

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In order to establish uniform rates of advertising for the daily press of Atlanta, we have adopted the foregoing schedule of prices, and will be governed by them in the future.

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LAWYERS.

W. C. WINSLOW, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Fort Valley, Georgia.
Practice in the Courts of the Macon and South western Circuits.
Collections a specialty. july21—d1y

THOS. WILLINGHAM, JR., Attorney at law, Albany, Georgia, Will practice in the Albany Circuit and Supreme Court, also in counts of adjoining counties by special contract. Prompt attention given to collections. may24—d6m

FRANK S. LOFTIN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Franklin, Georgia, will practice in the counties of Carroll, Coweta, Douglass, Fayette, Heard, Merriwether and Troup, and also in the Supreme and Federal Courts at Atlanta. may12—d1y

W. D. THAMMELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW Cartersville, Georgia, will practice in the several counties composing the Cherokee Circuit. may3—d6m

M. H. SANDWICH, Attorney at Law, Thomaston, Ga. Will practice in the several courts of the State of Georgia. Special attention given to collection of all claims. apr27-d6m

J. A. HUNT, Attorney at Law, Barnesville, Georgia, will practice in the counties comprising the Flint Circuit, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the United States District Courts for the Northern and Southern Districts by special contract. apr27-1y

PHILLIP COOK, ATTORNEY AT LAW, AMERICUS, Georgia, will practice in the counties of Sumter, Lee, Webster, Dooly and Lee. Also, in the Supreme Court of Georgia. Office over A. K. Schumperlin, Building. apr28—d6m

LVAN D. FREEMAN, NEWNAN, GEORGIA. Attorney at Law, will practice in the several Courts—State and Federal. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted. apr17—d1y

JAMES G. SARTON, Attorney and Counsellor at Law and Real Estate Agent, Conyers, Ga., will practice in the superior and Supreme Courts of Georgia. Office first door east of Court House Building Decatur street.

Special attention given to Collections. apr13 d1y

JAS. A. HAMLEY, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Sparta, Georgia, will practice in the counties of Hancock, Hilbert, Glenwood, Hart, Lincoln, Madison, Oglethorpe, Taliaferro, Warren, Wilkes, Baldwin, Greene, Washington and Columbia. apr13-d1y

ESTEN FRANCISCO SMITH, AT

The Daily Constitution

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE STATE.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE COUNTY.

THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.

DEFIES REFUTATION.

TO LAWYERS.—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION exclusively, by the Reporter of the Court. TO CORRESPONDENTS.—We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we cannot undertake either to return or preserve.

Morning Edition.

ATLANTA:

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1872.

☞ Gen. A. C. Garlington will address the Democracy of Forsyth County at Cumming on Tuesday, the 1st October.

When the Election Comes On.

Democrats, the election for Governor and members of the Legislature comes off on Wednesday, the 2nd day of October.

The election for President and Congressmen comes off on the 5th day of November.

Don't be mistaken about it. The law has been changed, bringing on the election for Governor and legislators a month before the election for President and Congressmen.

The Georgia Campaign.

We see reports of enthusiastic Democratic meetings and fine speeches.

A rousing affair was held at Cuthbert. Col. Hardeman and Dr. Miller spoke.

General Wright addressed the Wilkes county Democracy.

Colonel Peeples made a telling speech in Athens.

Colonel Wofford spoke to a large crowd at Summerville with good effect.

Ridiculing and Misrepresenting Friends.

We are pleased to see that both Mr. Stephens and the general manager of the Sun acknowledged that its misrepresentation about the Democratic arbor was indiscreet and improper. Let it be a little more fair and just hereafter to brother Democrats and it will escape such indiscreet improprieties.

So far as Mr. Stephen's long rejoinder to our alleged designation of the Sun as a Radical journal is concerned, he will see by reference to our article, that we did not so designate it, and that his rejoinder is as "indiscreet and improper" as well as uncalled for and venomous as the smoke about the arbor.

☞ Our brother Speights must have patience. The article on our first page of Friday's issue about elections in Georgia was taken from the Griffin News. The article was a good compilation of the law on the subject. By some accident, not intentional it failed to be credited.

We now rectify the omission. But bless you, brother News, if we are to squabble about that sort of thing we would do little else. We first published Gordon's fine speech, Joe Brown's letter, Ben. Hill's address, &c., and other original documents, and they have been copied widely. If we have had credit once we don't know it.

We have no time to fuss about such trifles. If our matter is credited, all right; if not all right.

We, however, try to give credit, and if we fail it is inadvertent.

Greeley Strengthening in the West.

Governor Randolph of New Jersey, who is now in Indiana, telegraphs to us to-day from the capital of the influence of Morton and Colfax these inspiriting words:

"INDIANAPOLIS, September 23.

"Nothing comparable to the ovation which Mr. Greeley is now receiving here has been seen in the West since the Harrison whirlwind in 1840. Men who were boys then are now as enthusiastic as boys once were. The Presidential family and the Presidential managers are better known in the West than in East. Ohio and Indiana are ablaze as with a prairie fire. No money is needed to bring out the supporters of Greeley. They come by the thousand to give assurance of the impending victory. We turn eastward to-day, and expect to reach Cleveland on Tuesday night. I repeat that the enemy are for the first time terrified and demoralized. Push them hard and they are gone, horse, foot, and dragoons. The retreat has begun. We can make, and must make, it a rout.

"THEODORE F. RANDOLPH."

New York World.]

Greeley Speeches.

It is curious how the Radicals and the Democrats who oppose Greeley, fall into the identically same rut of attack. There probably never was a set of speeches delivered that afforded fewer salient points of quarrel to hang adverse criticism upon than Greeley's talks in his Western tour. And there never was an abler impromptu succession of addresses. His ideas have been not only unobjectionable, but statesmanlike in the highest degree. They have contained the most commendable sentiments admirably expressed.

The Radicals have in vain sought most zealously to find something to assault in them. Their labored depreciation is so vague as to be utterly ineffective.

They, however, have in common with the Democrats who oppose Greeley sought to ridicule the noble expressions of good will to the South, and break their force by underrating their sincerity and questioning their disinterestedness.

Such a course proves how hard-driven Greeley's opposers are for material to object to him. Finding no ground for argument, they seek to belittle.

Such a course carries its own antidote.

General Campaign Notes.

CONNECTICUT FOR GREELEY.

The Hartford Times announces in counting the numbers of Liberal Republicans returned to the Liberal headquarters from eighty-three towns in Connecticut, the aggregate is found to be 3,856. There are eighty-one more towns yet to be carefully canvassed and returned. Of course this indicates that Connecticut is for Greeley by several thousand majority.

The Chicago Times' special from Pittsburg filled it with grief by conceding that the reception of Carl Schurz in that smoky city was "the largest and most imposing political demonstration ever witnessed in Alleghany county"—surpassing even the great soldier demonstration gotten up the preceeding week by the Administration party.

Judge Thomas M. Cooley, one of the Republican justices of the Supreme Court of Michigan, has just declared for Greeley and Brown. Judge Christiancy of the same State it also a recent convert.

It is estimated that fully 75,000 people participated, as spectators and in the procession, in the Indianapolis ovation to Greeley Monday night.

The Indiana Bourbon Convention numbered just thirteen persons, and nominated a ticket of twenty-six names, some of which have since been withdrawn. The Illinois Bourbon Convention numbered no more than four persons, and met in private.

THE ILLINOIS STRAIGHT CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR DECLINES.

JOLIET, ILL., September 24.—Judge Breese has written a friend in this city that his nomination for Governor, by the Bourbons, was made without his knowledge or consent, and that he will not accept.

Cotton.

The receipts this week are 69,000 bales, 29,000 more than last year, and 11,000 more than two years since. It is likely the receipts for next week will be over 80,000 bales, compared with 46,000 last year, and 69,000 the year before; and the receipts at the interior towns 25,000 bales, compared with 20,000 last year, and 36,000 the year before. The weather this week has been very pleasant, just as we supposed it would be; although some of our friends expected a general storm, we saw no indications of it. The thermometer has averaged 76 degrees at noon; three clear days and four cloudy days with a thunder storm one morning. For next week we may have rain, at least some of the indications point that way; also it is likely the weather will be cooler next week, but no frost. As we suggested, in our last week's circular, the price has risen and a more active demand, both in New York and Liverpool. The cause of the rise in New York was a more active demand from our own spinners, who are running nearly bare of stock and will buy over 20,000 bales per week from this time on; but it is likely they will buy a large portion of it in the South and ship it direct to their mills.

The cloudy weather and fear of a general storm also helped the market. The cause of the rise in Liverpool was because our markets were better, and because Manchester spinners had run down their stocks to a minimum quantity. They now hold about 50,000 bales, or, say one week's supply, which is 60,000 bales. We suppose they will buy, on an average, 10,000 bales a day, from this time forward. Including speculation and export, the sales should not average less than 12,000 bales per day for several months to come; but there is no danger of a short supply of American, as Manchester spinners have bought only 23,000 bales per week of this sort for the past seven weeks—an average of only 44 per cent., while last year they took 53 per cent. of American for same time. There will be an average of 20,000 bales per week from this time forward, shipped to Liverpool by steamer from our ports; and this cotton can be delivered at the mills, in Manchester, in twenty days after it leaves our shores; and there is now in Liverpool 139,000 bales American, which is six weeks' supply. For the past three years the stock of American in Liverpool at this date has been 184,000, 151,000, 56,000 and 9½, 8¾, 12½ pence. The excess of stock in London seem to have been overlooked; there is a large increase over former years. The stock at that port now is 230,000 bales, last year 105,000, the year before 32,000. What part of this is American we have no means of knowing and a mere guess would mislead

English manufacturers are now increasing their expenses very fast, as coal has risen in the last few months 70 per cent. Money is also scarcer and dearer; the rate of interest in London which is usually about 3 per cent. per annum and sometimes as low as 2 per cent., has lately risen to 4½ per cent. We have, this week, received a letter from our correspondent at Bombay, India, saying there was more land cultivated in cotton than last year, and a very large crop is expected. The season in India is fully two months later than ours; their cotton year begins first of November. The receipts at Bombay which have been only 10,000 bales in the past ten weeks, will very soon begin to increase.

Most dealers in cotton who are surprised at the very large receipts, seem to have forgotten that there was an excessive amount of fertilizers used this year; and that wherever it was used the cotton has matured from two to three weeks earlier than last year; also, may it not be shown at the end of the season that this forcing of the plant has caused it to be more out of the way of damage from worms and blight in August and September than usual, and thus make the crop larger than expected. The average increase of the receipts for the next six weeks should be about 8,000 bales per week. If this should be correct, it will give us 114,000 bales, receipts for week ending November 8th, compared with 107,000 last year, 95,000 the year before, and 74,000 the year before that same time. Another very important thing has been overlooked; last year the rains were so constant and heavy in August and September that it not only prevented the cotton bolls from maturing and opening, but prevented the picking of them. Picking cotton when wet is a slow process, and makes it liable to heat and injury, and when ginned never looks so well, making a loss of nearly half a cent in the grade. To this cause, having to gather much of it when wet, is due the complaint of heated and poor seed last spring. This fall the weather was better, and we believe it has added fully 10,000 bales per week to the receipts. As we do not deal in cotton we do not know what the loss in weight to the shipper has been this year; but suppose it must be much less than last; as always, when the cotton is picked, baled, and taken to market in weather it loses in weight from five to ten pounds per bale; but when there is such weather as we have had for a month past we think the loss in weight should not average over three pounds per bale. It is no use talking, or writing to spinners, either in this country or Europe, saying the crop is badly damaged and will be very small, they will not believe it so long as our receipts are so very large. Our free receipt will likely cause Manchester to be dull, less demand for goods and yarns, and so re-act on Liverpool, causing that market to decline. We are wholly dependent upon Liverpool for the price of our cotton, and will be for two months to come, or until some of our large supplies is taken out of this country. We suppose there will be many changes in the price of American cotton at Liverpool in the next two months; but we expect to see a gradually settling down until the price touches 9d or below; and if the price should be pressed down to 8¼d, the large increase of spinning will make a very active demand for that portion of the crop that is left after December 15th, and the price may rally very fast. Every man that deals in cotton has a natural bias, either for the bull or bear side. Some of our friends are now saying, "Oh, yes, cotton is sure to go lower;" but they will buy a few bales secretly, hoping something will put it up. Want of space prevents our giving views upon several subjects, which are as old as the cotton trade; but some of them, we think, very erroneous and old fogy. One of them is, that when the stock in the interior on September 1st, are large or small the receipts for that month will be correspondingly large or small. We believe, and think we can prove that just the reverse is the fact. A letter just received from the President of one of the New York banks, leads us to fear that money will continue very scarce for some time to come, and this stringency will affect the cotton market unfavorably.

New York Straights for Grant.

NEW YORK, September 26, 1872.

A conference was held here yesterday of a number of the Democrats who are dissatisfied with the Louisville movement. James Worrell, of Pennsylvania, presided, and J. H. Wilson, of Alabama, was made Secretary. Worrell made a speech favoring the support of Grant and Wilson. Resolutions were subsequently adopted urging Democrats to vote for Grant and Wilson, calling on the national committee to organize in their several States and to unite in behalf of the candidates approved by this conference. The nomination of General Dix for Governor of New York and others on the Republican ticket were commended, and an address in their interest ordered to be issued.

The Prospect in Indiana, Pennsylvania and Ohio.

The great interest of the campaign centers in Pennsylvania, Indiana and Ohio. If the elections in these States, on the 8th of October, result in Democratic success, Greeley's election is a certainty. The Grant people realize it thoroughly, and they are resorting to the most desperate measures to carry these states.

The following is the most reliable news from Pennsylvania:

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 25. Forney's Press of to-day claims that Curtin's declaration against the Cameron-Hartranft ring ticket has insured Buckalew's election by 25,000 majority. This statement also accords with advices now being received by the Liberal and Democratic campaign committees at this point. The place most feared now is Philadelphia, where the Hartranft managers openly boast that they will poll majorities enough.

The Curtin letter is doing wonders already. It has inspired the Democrats and Liberals wonderfully, and he's are freely offered on 20,000 for Buckalew, with no takers from the ring men. The Cameronites are very bitter and slim to-day. They do not know what to do or where to strike. They did not expect the Curtin manifesto to have such an effect, and are vainly casting about for some means to counteract it.

NEW YORK, September 25.—Gen. Banks, who has returned temporarily from making speeches in Pennsylvania, says that State is all right. The people have the utmost confidence in Buckalew, and they expect his election by 30,000.

"We have unearthed a system," says McClure, "culminating in the most stupendous frauds. For instance, we found the southern part of the State overrun with negroes from North Carolina, Maryland, Virginia, and even in the north, in McKean, Warren, Crawford, and Potter counties, there are gangs of of the vilest roughs that ever disgraced a civilized community, hailing from Buffalo and New York, ready to repeat or cut a throat to order. We intend to keep our list of the fraudulent voters, and as soon as they have voted we shall arrest them and publish their names and addresses." McClure claims the State for Buckalew by 20,000 majority.

The Missouri Republican, of the 20th, states this editorially:

Our New York special confirms the glad tidings from Pennsylvania, and we hear of numerous private dispatches passing over the wires last night, declaring the Radicals have virtually given up the October election in that State and will turn their attention to Indiana and Ohio.

In regard to Ohio, General Brinkerhoff, the Chairman of the Liberal Republican Central Committee, stated as follows to a reporter of the Cincinnati Enquirer:

Reporter—How are the political prospects of the Liberals in Ohio?

General Brinkerhoff—Glorious; the tide rises every hour.

Rep.—The Grant people claim differently, and insist that the tide is on the ebb.

Gen. B.—Not now they don't. The presence in Ohio of all the henchmen of the administration tells a different story.

Reporter—You think they are scared, then?

Gen. B.—Of course they are scared, or they wouldn't make the frantic efforts they are now making to stem the tide.

Reporter—Do you think they can do it?

Gen. B.—No, I don't think they can. As the donkey said of the mule, "His eyes is sot."

Reporter—You expect to carry Ohio in October, I judge?

Gen. B.—Of course we do, and we think we have the tools to do it with.

Reporter—How will it be in November?

General B.—Well, that will depend very much upon October. If we carry Ohio in October by one vote we will carry it in November by 25,000. If we come within 5,000 votes of carrying it in October we will carry it in November like a whirlwind. Did you ever see the tide in the Bay of Fundy?

We admitted that we had not.

Well, I am sorry for that. It rises sixty feet and comes in with a roar, thunderous and grand. That is the way the Greeley tide will come in after a victory in October.

In regard to Indiana we find the following as a special telegram from Washington to the Chicago Times, (Bourbon):

Letters to the Liberal campaign committee here places Mr. Hendricks' majority in October as high as 14,000, and declare that there is hardly a doubt of his election. A letter from Williams, candidate for congressman-at-large on the Republican ticket, only claims the State for that side by a small majority.

E. S. Alvord, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, says the Morsed-Morton party will not poll over 500 or 1,000 votes in the State. He is also sure that the extraction of that vicious, corrupt element from the reform movement will add thousands to our cause. He thinks the State will give Hendricks from 12,000 to 18,000 majority, and he does not reckon without his host. John A. Finch, Chairman of the Liberal State Committee, says:

Positive information is in the hands of the committee as to importation of negroes from Kentucky by the Grant gang; and it is suggested to the scoundrels who accept such advice at the hands of the pretended friends of the colored race, that they had better stay at home, unless they prefer the penitentiary to freedom. Our friends here have organized a most perfect system of secret detective service, and the purity of the ballot is to be protected at all hazards.

The correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial, who accompanied Mr. Greeley, and kept his eyes open, sums up: From what I have seen of Indiana, I predict: 1st. Hendricks' election by 10,000 to 15,000; and 2d, Greeley's success by 20,000.

We thus see that Pennsylvania is certain for the Democracy and Ohio and Indiana are regarded as sure.

ATLANTA, GA., September 26, 1872.

Hon. John H. James:

DEAR SIR—Will you permit the use of your name in the approaching election for Mayor?

Your many friends will be glad to be informed that they may govern themselves accordingly. Very respectfully,

W. M. BUTT,
A. V. BRUMBY,
B. F. LONGLEY,
J. S. PETERSON,
N. R. FOWLER,
A. AUSTELL,
WM. H. TULLER,
WM. M. & R. J. LOWRY,
W. H. LYMAN.

ATLANTA, GA., September 27, 1872.

Messrs. Wm. M. Butt, A. V. Brumby, and others:

GENTLEMEN—Your kind note asking if I will allow the use of my name in the approaching election for Mayor is to hand.

In reply, I will state that I must decline, not because the duties of the office are troublesome, but I have a business from which to derive a support for myself and family. Besides, I have had the honor for one term, which I think sufficient, when other good men are standing ready to serve the dear people.

Accept my thanks for your kind solicitation, and also allow me to tender my thanks to all who have supported me and approved my official actions.

To those who have opposed me in my aspirations, I say, let by-gones be forgotten, and let us be friends.

Very truly, yours,
JOHN H. JAMES.

The Senate Vote on Taxing the Press.

Several Senators having complained that the action of the Georgia Press Association, at the late meeting in Atlanta, reflected alike on friends and enemies, we deem it a matter of justice to publish the vote, that the Press and its friends may discriminate with accuracy and reprehend with justice.

From the Journal:

Mr. Jones, from the 9th district, moved to lay the bill on the table.

Mr. Styles, from the 10th district, called for the yeas and nays. The yeas and nays were ordered and were as follows:

YEAS—Brown, Cameron, Cone, Crayton, Deveux, Griffin, Heard, Hoyle, Jones, Kirkland, Mathews, Nichols, Park, Paddy, Rose, Steadman and Wallace.—17.

NAYS—Bruton, Campbell, Candler, Clark, Conley, Estes, Erwin, Hilton, Kimbell, Lester, Simmons, Smith, Styles and Wellborne.—15.

The bill was for the relief of the Press from exemption back tax, commencing 1867 and ending 1871, and providing for the taxation the present year and in future.

General Governor Rager first conceived the idea of taxing the Press, but Bullock arrested this unjust threatened and Governor Smith continued the suspension till this action of the Legislature.—*Albany News.*

Book Notice.

Beside and Behind. By MRS. M. E. P. DUCHARET, of Washington City.

"What a pretty name and what a pretty book!" will be the almost universal exclamation upon taking up this attractive volume. And right here we would like to pay a justly deserved compliment to the publishers by saying that they have done their part as beautifully as to make almost a perfect book leaving nothing in binding, typography or general appearance to call forth a criticism from even the most captious. The title is done in black lettering upon a binding of Italian green muslin, with a little boy in the left upper corner astride the globe, blowing bubbles through a pipe which he holds in his right hand, while with his left he balances himself with the inevitable ballast. This is all done in gilt, while lower down in the right corner appears the monogram of the publishing house, which is also in gilt. But the beauties are not all upon the outside, for inside, the rich treasures of a carefully cultivated and appreciative intellect, called into action by visiting the classic and historic places of renown in Europe make the pages glow with their graphic descriptions and fascinate the reader so that it is difficult to put the book down when once begun. Not designed for publication, the letters are written in that easy, conversational style which is the *sine qua non* of all writing, but which most writers desert for something more stilted as soon as they feel they are addressing the great world. The book, as before stated, is written by Mrs. Boulicny, of Washington City, one of the most brilliant and accomplished women of the gay capital and as her brother-in-law was Assistant Commissioner of the Universal Exposition, of course she enjoyed peculiar privileges, having the *entree* of the best society of Paris from the *Tuileries* down. Her descriptions of life in the mad metropolis read almost like fairy stories, and convince us more than ever that the Parisians live only for bubbles. Now alas! the days of the Empire are no more, and we exclaim, "What a life! What a people!" Her critiques upon visiting the galleries which teem with the *chef d'oeuvre* of the old masters, show not why a thorough appreciation but a great familiarity with the silent arts of form and color. To those who are not so fortunate as to visit the old world we say "read this book, for it is well worthy a perusal," and to give some idea of its chaste style, we close by inserting the preface:

"These pages, dedicated in love and gratitude to my mother, and originally destined for her eye alone, are, at the solicitation of friends offered to the public with no other ambition than that they may serve to while away a dull hour or two. As life is half made up of baubles, I have mingled some of them with things of solid worth. Does not the sea-weed dwell with the pearl?"

M. J. W.

ATLANTA, GA., September 28th, 1872.

GEORGIA STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY, SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Atlanta, Sep. 28.

Editors Constitution: In response to requests received, the following premium is offered for the Fair of 1872:

1,058—For the best display of musical talent by the pupils of any Female College or Seminary—a medal worth $5.

SAMUEL BARNETT, Secretary.

Sunday Reading.

It was rightly said: "He who mistructs a man instructs a person who will die to-morrow, but he who teaches a woman, teaches a whole generation."

Goodness of heart is man's best treasure, his brightest honor, and wisest acquisition. It is a ray of divinity that dignifies humanity, attracts admiration, and assimilates him to his Creator, but, like pure gold, is liable to be counterfeited.

Prize the privilege of learning God's word; and hear with meekness, prayer, and attention.

Never see any one entering into temptation, or indulging in sin, without praying for him.

Learn a short passage of Scripture every morning, and often refer to it during the day.

How hard it is to feel that the power of life is to be found inside, not outside; in the heart and thoughts, not in the visible actions and show; in the living seed, not in the plant which has no root! How often do men cultivate the garden of their souls just the other way! How often do we try and preserve in trying to make a sort of neat show of outer good qualities, without anything within to correspond, just like children who plant blossoms without any roots in the ground to make a pretty show for the hour! We find fault in our lives and we cut off the weed, but we do not root it up; we find some thing wanting in ourselves, and we supply it not by sowing the divine seed of a heavenly principle, but by copying the deeds that the principle ought to produce.—*Temple.*

THE SABBATH.

In a prize essay on the Sabbath, written by a journeyman printer in Scotland, which for singular power of language and beauty of expression has never been surpassed, there occurs the following passage. Read it, and then reflect for a while what a dreary and desolate page would this life present if the Sabbath were blotted out from our calculations:

"Yokefellow! think how the abstraction of the Sabbath would hopelessly enslave the working classes with whom we are identified. Think of labor going on in one monotonous and eternal cycle, limbs forever on the rack, the fingers forever straining, the brow forever sweating, the feet forever plodding, the brain forever unrobbing, the shoulders forever drooping, the loins forever aching, and the restless mind forever scheming.

"Think of the beauty it would efface, the merry-heartedness it would extinguish, of the giant strength it would tame, of the resources of nature it would crush, of the sickness it would breed, of the projects it would wreck, of the groans it would extort, of the lives it would immolate, and of the cheerless graves it would prematurely dig! See them toiling and moiling, sweating and fretting, grinding and hewing, weaving and spinning, strewing and gathering, mowing and reaping, razing and building, digging and planting, striving and struggling—in the garden and in the field, in the granary and in the barn, in the factory and in the mill, in the warehouse and in the shop, on the mountain and in the ditch, on the roadside and in the wood, in the city and in the country, on the sea and on the shore, in the day of brightness and of gloom. What a picture would the world present if we had no Sabbath!"

SUNDAY SCHOOL.

The lesson was Luke 5: 18 26. Jesus withdrawing himself from the multitude for prayer; and Jesus healing the man of the palsy and forgiving his sins. Of course the little girls, in the application, told me that, in imitation of the example of Jesus, we ought to go away and pray—that little girls should leave their playmates and go by themselves and pray—led by the example of Jesus.

They told me that as the man brought the man sick of the palsy to Jesus, so we ought to bring our friends to Him, and never mind the difficulties and obstacles, but preserve. But when I came to the question of the Pharisees, "Who can forgive sins but God alone?" I asked the little girls, "Who can forgive sins?" The reply was, correctly, "God alone." "Jesus." "Jesus is God," etc.

"Can anybody but God forgive sins?" "Yes," said the girls. "Who?" One of these little girls, Katy, said, calmly, "The Virgin Mary;" while another, Lena, as promptly said, at the same breath, "The blessed Virgin."

All were leaning upon me, looking calmly, inquiringly. Said I, as quietly: "The Bible says, 'All nations shall call her blessed;' but let us look a moment and see whether the Virgin Mary can forgive sins or not. Please turn to the first chapter of Luke, 46th and 47th verses, and read what the blessed Virgin says: 'My spirit has rejoiced in God my Savior,' etc. 'Who did the Virgin Mary say was her Savior?'"

"God." "Is Jesus God?" "Yes" "Who is your Savior?" "Jesus." "Who was the Virgin Mary's Savior?" "God." "What does a Savior save from?" "From our sins." "What did God save the Virgin Mary from?" "From her sins." "Then the Virgin Mary was a—" "Sinner." "How do you know?" "Because she said she had a Savior." "Where do we find that she said this?" "In Luke's first chapter, 47th verse." "Then if any body asks about the Virgin Mary, what would you tell them?" "That she had to have a Savior as well as we, for she said so." "Where do you prove that?" "From Luke 1: 47."

Many intermediate questions, of course, were put, to arrive at these results, but the pupils followed it all so closely and consecutively that it amazed me. Thus an incidental lesson was thrown upon us of the greatest importance. Was it not clearly duty to make thorough work of it? Methinks all those six little girls received impressions from God's World in those few moments that can never be effaced.—*R. G. Pardee.*

BY TELEGRAPH.

THE YOUNG SOUTH.

What an Ex-Rebel from the Rank and File Thinks of the Political Past and Present.

Origin of the Re-Union and Reform Movement and Inception of the Liberal Cause South and West.

Speech of Frank T. Reid in Nashville, at Central Market, Last Night.

Important News from Washington.

Chickasaw Indian Legislature.

Another Speech from Mr. Greeley.

What he Knows About Tariff on Iron.

Financial and Commercial.

Special to The Constitution.

NASHVILLE, TENN., September 28.

Frank T. Reid, editor of the Southern Law Review, addressed the Reunion and Reform Association, of which he is President, tonight. He said that on the 20th of September of last year Senator Carl Schurz delivered a speech in this city that greatly helped to inaugurate what might almost be termed a new school of political thought in this section. It was, as I believe, the clearest, loftiest appeal that ever came from the heart and mind of an American statesman; an appeal to the people of the South to pluck from their hearts all sectional and partisan prejudice and to assist in the reconstruction of their section. "Open," he exclaimed to the young men of the South, "your doors and windows wide, open wide your hearts and minds to the bracing air and the light and sunshine of the new era." This speech was THE PROLOGUE TO THE LIBERAL MOVEMENT, which has, even if it accomplishes nothing else, exercised a very visible influence upon the growth of free, healthy, thought and national sentiment at the South, and which, at one time, bid fair to remove every obstacle in the way of the immediate restoration of genuine peace and good will. It shall be my endeavor to-night, before I conclude, to satisfy you that the accomplishment of this great end—the rehabilitation and re-nationalization of the South—without and until which she can never expect to enjoy either political or commercial prosperity, will be cruelly and wickedly delayed unless the unwise acts and utterances of Southern Democratic politicians are rebuked and condemned by the people. To secure these ends the Liberal movement was inaugurated. Senator Schurz was, concededly, one of its earliest, most earnest and effective advocates. If this American nation ever accomplishes its mission, the grandest ever delegated by Almighty God to any nation, it can only be upon condition that all its citizens become imbued with exalted national pride. The worst feature of the late war, by far, is, that it left in the hearts of many Southern men a feeling of hatred toward the American nation and the nation's flag. But the Southern people should not confound the nation itself with the administration of the national government by an obnoxious party.

THE NATION LIVES FOR CENTURIES.

A partisan Administration exists, at best, for only a few short years. The national spirit is nearer God then we. It moulds and bends us to its purpose despite our most violent resistance. Heap whatever abuse you may wish upon this or that *Administration*, but speak no word, do no act that may tend to impair or destroy the divine work which George Washington, and our forefathers, wrought on this continent, under the eye of God and for the best interests of humanity. *Consider it to-night, this very night,* in the harbor of

RENATIONALIZATION.

This, as I believe, is the first indispensible step to be taken—the inculcation at the South of national sentiment—without and until which nothing of any durability can be accomplished. To enable these Southern States to retrieve their losses sustained by the war, and to rapidly rival the North in political and commercial prosperity, it is first essential to eradicate from our hearts all the angry and bitter prejudices entwindled by that war, and to foster and cherish a state of feeling that will of itself establish here such a condition of things as no longer to furnish the central government with even a pretext for interference in local affairs, that will, of itself, invite here foreign capital and labor, and help to build up again the prosperity and power of these States on a basis in harmony with the progressive spirit of the age.

The Liberal movement was inaugurated not in the interest of any man. If I thought so I would leave it this very hour. It was quickened into life by the yearning of the people for re-conciliation and re-nationalization. I am for no man. I am for reconciliation and re-nationalization. And the enemy that stands in the way of both is

PARTY RANCOR AND UNCHARITIBLENESS.

Washington long ago, in his farewell address, a paper that can never be read by the American student too often, warned us solemnly against the spirit of party.

This is what we attempted—to mitigate and assuage, by an appeal to public opinion, the violence of party rancor and sectional prejudice, and to assist in the formation of national sentiment at the South, and in the inauguration of a Liberal movement that would reconcile discordant elements, and restore fraternal sentiment to long and bitterly estranged hearts. In the beginning and, in fact, until the attempt assumed somewhat the appearance of success, we encountered no encouragement or assistance. We were, on the contrary, bitterly opposed at every step by the

POLITICIANS OF THE OLD SCHOOL,

and by the drill-sergeants and conscript officers in their employ. These failed, however, to divert us from our purpose. We went to Cincinnati. It was our anxious wish that the convention would select as its nominees citizens whose garments had never been sullied or torn in fierce political warfare, who, in themselves would properly represent the true spirit of the movement. It was never spoken to disguise my bitter disappointment and regret at the nominations that were made. I believed then, as I do now, that there was but one eligible citizen, of national reputation, whose nomination would have preserved and even increased, until the 4th of November, the enthusiasm which the movement had already excited, and without which success could hardly be hoped for. I mean MR. Charles Francis Adams. I believed then, as I believe now, that his nomination was prevented only by the selfish planning of political tricksters.

THE NOMINATION OF MR. GREELEY,

however, excited very general and great enthusiasm at the South, and I finally allowed myself to believe that it might after all succeed in producing a healthy reaction in Southern political sentiment, and tend to hasten the accomplishment of what I had most at heart, the reactionalization of this section.

I have no hesitancy whatever in saying that the mere elevation of this or that man to high political position, regardless of what effect will thereby be exercised upon the political condition of the country, offers no interest to me. If by the election of Mr. Greeley illusory hopes should be excited in the minds of the old advocates of slavery and secession at the South, the new order of things, the logical results of the war be disturbed, or sought to be disturbed, then I do not hesitate to say that I would regard his election as one of the greatest calamities that could befall this country, and especially the South. Men of the South, if there is one thing written in the book of fate it is that any attempt to establish an anti-national state of sentiment here will breed only the direst mischief, and hurtful consequences to all your political and business interests. Beware of those men, of that school of politicians, who, in 1861, did all in their power to raise the storm, who dug many a bloody grave, and broke many a mother's heart. They are coming forward again, now that the thunder and lightning have left the sky, as

THE REPRESENTATIVES OF SOUTHERN THOUGHT.

I warn the young generation. They will lead you, as they did us, by their pernicious doctrines, into the valley of death, into the gates of hell. Open your hearts and minds to the realization of the grand purposes and destiny of the American nation. Keep step to the march of that mighty host on whose banners are inscribed victory and that divine motto, liberty, equality and fraternity. A grand destiny is before you. Assist in the rehabilitation and renationalization of your section.

THE SOUTH CAN BE CHANGED.

If you but do your duty to her, from a funereal wilderness into a city-dotted, flower-blooming Eden. Were you to abandon at once and for good the fretful agitation of obsolete issues; were you, by appropriate legislation, to cordially invite honest, hard-working men of all nationalities to come and settle in your midst, and help you to build up your cities until they rivaled those of the North and West; were you to cultivate friendly feelings with all sections of the country, and a just pride in, and devotion to, the union of States as the parent source of all our prosperity and peace; were you to establish an efficient system of general education, thus preventing the spread of bigotry, sectionalism and partisan bitterness, the change would already have begun.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, September 23.—The Presidential family is regularly established at the White House. Assistant Attorney General Hill officiates as head of the Bureau of Justice while Williams and Brinton are off campaigning.

The Attorney General decides that persons sending money by postoffice orders cannot recall them after they have been started.

Among the Presidential appointments today are Mrs. A. P. Wiley, Postmistress, Huntsville, Texas; Dennis Engan, Receiver of Public Moneys, Tallahassee, Fla.; F. A. Amon, Receiver Public Moneys, East Florida; E. B. Rawson, Marshal for the Southern District of Florida.

The Indians here had a loose talk with the President to-day.

PROVIDENCE, September 23.—The Rivulet Woolen Mill, north of Uxbridge, has been burned; loss $75,000.

BOSTON, September 23.—The suspension of Spencer, Villa & Co., well-known bankers, is reported.

ST. LOUIS, September 28.—The Chickasaw Indian Legislature has passed a bill memorializing Congress to allot their lands severally, and calling on the Choctaws to join them in their request. This is regarded as an advanced step toward opening the Indian Territory to the white settlement this winter.

NEW YORK, September 28.—The bank statement shows a gain in the reserves of nearly a million and a half.

Deaths for the week 503, a decrease of 33

LONDON, September 28.—The Government authorities have detained the steamship which was to have sailed to-day with a number of emigrants for Canada, because now, it is too late in the season.

PARIS, September 28.—The Carlists, after demanding the surrender of the brig Urda, withdrew.

ROME, September 28.—Negotiations between Russia and the Holy See are progressing favorably.

The establishment of "miniature" at St Petersburg is undecided.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK, September 28.—The Meridian, Conn., Brittania Works are burning.

ALLENTON, Pa., September 28.—Mr. Greeley spoke here as follows: "I understand that the gentleman who is a candidate for your suffrage, in addressing this borough not long ago, asserted that if I were to be chosen President, all the furnace fires of Lehigh Valley would be speedily put out. Now, fellow citizens, it seems to me incredible that such statements should be made. That I am a Protectionist, all men know, but that I would veto any bill fairly passed by the Congress of the United States modifying or changing the tariff is certainly true. I do not believe in the government by selfish rings, but I believe just as little in the government by one man a favor. I don't believe in the government of the veto, the veto power of the President is not given to enable him to reject any bill for which he would have refused to vote if a member of Congress, but only be employed in certain great emergencies when corruption or recklessness has passed measures through Congress which should not stand a test of enquiry. I tell you, friends, I believe in legislation by Congress and not by the President, and I should, myself, approve and sign bills which has a fair majority in Congress, although in my judgment was not in accordance with public policy, with the wisest policy—that is my position now, fellow citizens. Is there one so unintelligent as not to know that the prosperity of the iron interest of this country depends not at all on tariff, but the fact that all over the world iron is in great demand and is selling at prices nearly double those of three years ago. The world is iron hungry; the world is calling for more and still more iron. Iron is very high in all countries, those which have free trade as well as those which have protection, and is high because more is wanted than can be produced. It is not probable that for five or ten years hence there will be so much more iron in the world that prices will not be above cost, making it here and everywhere just like any other product. There is less iron in the world than is needed; consequently the price has gone up, not because of the tariff, but in all countries which have free trade as well, and is morally certain to remain high for a considerable number of years. I believe that if the duty had been fixed at ten dollars per ton at the close of the war and remained there, we should have had double our number of furnaces, and been supplying ourselves with iron very much cheaper than we can now get it, or could get it if the tariff were taken off it.

Such is my position very plainly stated. You understand, and I tell you now, it is not in the power of any legislation on earth to put out the furnace fires of Lehigh Valley, of Pennsylvania, for many years to come.

LOUISVILLE, KY., September 28.—The drawing has been postponed till the 7th of December.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, September 28.—Cotton steady; middling uplands 18¾; Orleans 19¾; sales 2,259 bales.

Cotton receipts to-day—net none; gross 2,244 bales.

Cotton sales for future delivery to-day, 10,200 bales, as follows: September, 17¼a17 9-16. October, 18¼. November, 18¼a18¾. December, 18¼a18 11-16. January, 19¾. February, 19¾. April, 20¾.

Flour rather more active; quotations unchanged. Wheat 1@2c better on good spring; common and inferior dull and heavy. Corn ¼c better, with good home export and future delivery demand. Pork steady at $14 10a 14 15. Lard dull. Navals steady. Groceries and freights firm.

Money 7, currency to gold. Sterling 9¾a9¾. Gold 13¼a13¾. Governments dull and steady. States dull and unchanged.

Bank Statement—Decrease in loans eight and a half millions; decrease in specie half million; increase in legal tenders half million; decrease in deposits five and half millions.

LATER.—81s 15; 62s 14; 64s 14; 66s 14; new 13 1-8; 67s 13; 68s 13 5-8; new 15 10; 10-40s 7 7-8. Tennessee 6s 72; new 73. Virginia 6s 54; new 46. Louisiana 6s 50; 6s funded 45. Louisiana 6s 53; new 48. Lower 6s 56; ditto 6s 60. Alabama 8s 90; 5s 60. Georgia 6s 90; 7s 85. North Carolina 6s, new 20; special tax 11. South Carolina 40; new 29½; April and October 24.

Cotton was heavy and lower early in the week, but afterwards improved with an increase in business for consumption, exports and future delivery; sales for the week reached 153,668 bales, of which 140,650 bales were for future delivery, and 13,018 on spot and to arrive; exporters took 7,710 bales; spinners 4,349 bales; speculators 9 bales and 950 bales were in transit. Naval stores have advanced in rosin with some irregularity in spirits.

MOBILE, September 28.—Cotton—low middlings 18; middlings 18½; net receipts 1,440 bales; exports coastwise 1,012; sales 200; stock 5,389.

CHARLESTON, September 28.—Cotton—good ordinary 16¼a16¾; ordinary 15¼a16; low middlings 17¼a17½; middlings 17½; net receipts 1,906; gross 2,216; exports coastwise 2,668; sales 500; stock 19 208.

AUGUSTA, September 28.—Cotton—middlings 16½; net receipts 1,123 bales; sales 1,000.

BOST

The Daily Constitution,

ATLANTA:

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1872.

City Intelligence.

BARGAINS.—John Keely is offering great bargains in dress and dry goods. See his attractive ads of prices.

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS.—Knox is selling at an elegant and extensive stock of millinery and fancy goods and sells at the same low prices. Go for bargains.

REAL ESTATE SALE.—C. C. Hammock will sell at the City Hall next Tuesday, the United States Hotel, and three lots on Oak street.

NOTICE TO THE ISRAELITES OF ATLANTA. Seats will be disposed of on Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, A. M. D. MAYER, President.

A. E. SHULHAFER.—Mr. A. E. Shulhafer appears to be found with Messrs. Steinheimer & Bros., where he will be happy to receive old friends and many new ones.

THE London Store announces this season's millinery opening for Wednesday and Thursday next, and the finest display of fresh and America styles, that the house has ever shown will be displayed by Miss Andrews who gives all visitors a most cordial welcome.

THE first sun-shade was an eclipse, but the "eclipse-niques" offered by John Keeley is without equal or blemish. The color of every piece is guaranteed.

BOYD & BRUMBY will be opened on next Tuesday at No. 29 Whitehall street, next door to Belvins & Fox, with a full stock of choice family groceries, and swiss and limberger cheese.

CHINESE PAPER.—Mr. C. Herbst at the Young Mens' Library, has a paper printed in China in Chinese language. It is said that the Secretary of the Young Mens' Library Association can read it fluently.

VALUABLE PROPERTY.—Col. G. W. Adair sells at the City Hall next Tuesday, five farms on Peachtree creek, five farms on the turnpike, and five residence lots or corner of Loyd and Mitchell Street.

COAL.—Dr. J. S. Wilson, agent, is prepared to furnish the citizens of Atlanta with coal of the best quality either at wholesale or retail. Now is the time to lay in your winter fuel.

GOOD BARBERS.—George Davis and Mac Hill, two of the best barbers in town have loosted themselves between James' Bank and James' New Block. Call and try them.

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—HON. H. P. BELL, OF FORSYTH COUNTY NOMINATED.—After four day's balloting, the Hon. Garnett McMillan withdrew his name in favor of Mr. Bell. So we are informed.

DECLINE.—From undoubted authority we feel authorized to say that Colonel John A. Stephens and Dr. Wilson decline to run on the Straight Out ticket for the Legislature; and that the Straights, at their meeting last night, withdrew Colonel A. M. Wallen.

H. C PENDLETON.—Mr. H. C. Pendleton, of Pendleton, Jones & Co., has been made one of the judges from Georgia at the St. Louis Fair. He leaves to night to attend to it. We feel assured that he will represent Georgia well.

COTTON PICKING.—Three sons of Dr. J. T. Lawrence, of Henry county, picked in a peach orhard, near Bear Creek, on the 26th, in eight hours —Samuel, 194 pounds of cotton; Dawson, 196 pounds; James, 184 pounds; total, 574 pounds. Had they picked four hours longer their rattes would have been Samuel, 291; Dawson, 294; James, 276; total, 861.

FOR SALE.—P. P. offers for sale a family grocery and confectionery, with stock and fixtures, a furnished room for a small family, and a five years lease.

STEINHEIMER BROTHERS have an elegant line of dress goods, shawls, skirts and ladies' wear. They are determined not to be surpassed by any dry goods establishment in the city.

They have cheap goods and polite clerks to wait on you. Be sure and call at No. 39 Whitehall street, at the New York Store, if you want something nice and at reasonable figures.

SOMETHING FOR EVERYBODY.—Dr. J. S. Wilson has two articles of his own invention and patent that he desires to sell or exchange the territory for real estate. One of them is a peach stoner and halver. With one of these machines a man can do the work of six or eight hands, and increase the value of the fruit, when dried, at least 25 per cent. Call and see him.

GREAT EXCITEMENT ON PEACHTREE BRAE.—E Block has produced a great sensation on Peachtree street. He has just returned from the North with a full stock of dress goods, ladies' underwear, etc. He offers his stock of dress goods at low figures to make room for fancy goods and millinery goods. The cashmere skirt, the great improvement of the period, can be had of Block, as he is the special agent for the United States. His motto is quick sales and small profits.

PUBLIC LAWS.—All the acts, public and private, passed by the last Legislature, will be out in a few weeks. Price, two dollars per copy, neatly bound. Send in your orders at once to THE CONSTITUTION office if you wish to procure them. Every lawyer ought to have a copy.

GRAND OPENING.—J. M. Holbrook, the prince of hatters, will have a grand opening on next Tuesday. Ladies and gentlemen, Groceryite or Grantia, married or single, bachelor or maid, can find the style of hat to suit their tastes. Be sure and remember the day.

SUNNY CHILHOOD.—We have a pleasant incident of travel to relate. Children are not only the light of the household. They make sunshine everywhere. This was the experience of several ladies and gentlemen, who recently returned from New York on the same train. Among the gentlemen were Hon. R. H. Hill, Mr. B. W. Wrenn, R. Y. Clarke and Mr. T. G. Brongball, of our popular and fashionable London Store. They found much of the weariness of a two days' journey dissipated by the merry laughter and happy-heartedness of a little brown-eyed girl of six summers—Hattie Clitherall Hall. From morning till night, all the day long, she was a source of pleasure, not simply for her brightness, but also for her gentleness and kindness of heart. A long and joyous life to little Hattie!

GAY, MCCLESKEY & CO.—Messrs. Gay, McCleskey & Co. have opened in their new brick store on Peachtree street with a fine assortment of fall and winter dry goods. We invite attention to their card, and commend them to our readers. We feel confident that they can give satisfaction in quality, style and price.

COLONEL JOHN H. SEALS.—The Greensboro Herald says: "We regret to announce that Col. J. H. Seals and his estimable family, leaves us for their new home in Southwestern Georgia. We need not ask our readers, to join us in regretting this break in our ranks, they know and will feel their loss. To his new friends, we commend Colonel Seals, as a colonist, teacher, orator and gifted and generous Christian gentleman.

His efforts in our midst, as the founder and principal of that most excellent institution, the Lee High School, were crowned with abundant success, and we are glad to know that he enjoys the love and confidence of his former pupils, and the public generally. We invoke for him a hearty welcome to his new home, and assure the good people of Cuthbert, that they have acquired an active public spirited citizen, who will be both a pillar and an ornament to their society. May his path lead upward as well as onward, and through the light of bright success, to the highlands of peace and happiness."

SUPREME COURT CASES.

Regular Order of Business—Cases Not to be Decided.

[REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CONSTITUTION BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.]

14 Cherokee	14	18 Ocmulgee	13
15 Bartow	8	19 Eastern	1
16 Augusta	30	20 Brunswick	5
17 Middle	1		

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA, *September* 28, 1872.—Thomas W. Hooper was admitted to the bar upon taking the usual oath.

No 1, Cherokee Circuit, M L Pritchett, administrator, vs The County of Bartow. Complaint, from Bartow. Argument concluded. Warren Aiken, for plaintiff in error. A Johnson, represented by Lester & Thomson, contra.

No 2, William Satterfield vs A Shwab & Co. Complaint from Bartow. Argued. John W Wofford, for plaintiff, represented by Henry Jackson & Bro, for plaintiff in error. Warren Aiken, contra.

No 3, J J Pittman vs D B Barrett, administrator. Equity, from Gordon. Argued. W H Dabney, for plaintiff in error. D A Walker, by brief, contra

No 4, John Harkins vs Clement Arnold. Homicide, from Gordon. Argued. Underwood & Howell, represented by R N Broyles, for plaintiff in error. W H Dabney, contra.

No 5, A D Stroud, lessee, vs G W Nagle. Enforcement of lien, from Gordon. Argued. Printup & Brantley, for plaintiff in error. Alexander & Wright, W H Dabney, contra.

At the conclusion of the above stated case the Court adjourned until 10 o'clock, A M, Tuesday.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.—Dr. W. E. Harrison will preach morning and evening at Wesley Chapel.

Dr. A. L. Hamilton will preach at Payne's Chapel on Larkin street this, Sunday, night at 7½ o'clock.

The quarterly exercises of the Sunday School of the 5th Baptist Church, Sabbath afternoon 3 P. M. Short addresses by Drs. Warren and Spalding, the Pastor and others. All who have no Sabbath afternoon engagements are invited to be present.

The Pastor T. M. Harris will preach in the Hunter Street Christian Church this morning, and evening at the usual hours. Subject in the morning "The Mercy Seat." In the evening by special request "The Resurrection." After the preaching at night several are to be baptised.

The Hunter Street Church has secured the services of Mr. Harris for next year as their Pastor. He was also unanimously re-elected by the late State Convention Corresponding Secretary of the Georgia Christian Missionary Society. His labors during the last Ecclesiastical year resulted in the addition of 86 members to the Christian Church, organization of the Second Christian Church in this city, and the ordination of three elders and five deacons. Mr. Harris, we learn, has determined to settle permanently in this city.

St. Paul's M. E Church—Services this morning at 11, A. M., by the Pastor, Rev. G. H. Pattillo; also, at 7 P. M.

SCOFIELD'S ROLLING MILL.—A recent visit to Scofield's Rolling Mill, on the Western and Atlantic Railroad, gave us much satisfaction, as it was a striking illustration of what energy can do, and of the practical benefits of manufacturing. The Rolling Mill is about 1¼ miles from the Passenger Depot. The lot contains forty acres, all under a good fence. The Rolling Mill building is 250 feet long by 180 feet wide, and 50 feet high. The Foundry and Nail Factory is 100 feet long by 50 feet wide.

The company has 11 furnaces in operation, 6 heating and 5 puding. The motive power is supplied by 11 boilers and 6 engines with 650 horse power. There are two squeezers—the Crocodile and a new one, the Coffee Mill, weighing ten tons. Besides this there are nut cutters, bolt cutters, straightening machines and punching machines. A new puncher cuts four holes at the same time in the bolts for the Fish-bar rail. Upon an average, five car loads of coal are used daily. The mill turns out fifty tons of finished rails, five tons of merchant iron, twenty tons of puddled iron and five tons of spikes per day, or 18,500 tons of rails 1,560 tons of merchant iron, 6,240 tons puddled iron and 1,560 tons of spikes per season.

The fish bar iron is made here, and the foundry makes all the castings needed by the company.

The water is forced up from the Walton Spring branch, half a mile distant, at the rate of 150 gallons per minute. The reservoir at the mill has a capacity of 1,500 hogsheads,

The spike making machine works rapidly and surely, doing all the work at the same time. It is said to be the invention of a Virginia mechanic.

Several hundred operatives are employed, to whom are paid over $10,000 per month, or $120,000 per annum, for wages, an average of $600 to each hand.

Messrs. Scofield & Co. have a large store connected with the mill, from which the operatives can purchase all their supplies, from a hair-pin to a beef-steak, as cheap as elsewhere. It is a great convenience to the hands.

The Rolling Mill is adding much to the material wealth and prosperity of the city, causing millions of dollars to flow into it. Mr. Scofield has enlarged and improved it, and under his experience and tact, it is becoming more valuable than a gold mine. He has built four or five rolling mills. To his experience is added indomitable energy and a go-ahead disposition. To such an enterprise all must wish success. The only regret is that we have so few of them. We need more factories and more live men like Scofield.

THE REV. HERMANN BOKUM applied to the Board of Education at their last meeting for the use of the schoolhouses outside of school-hours. He based his application on the fact that there exists an intimate relation between the English and German languages, that the late events in Europe have given to the German language a very high position, that the German element in this country is very large and constantly increasing, and that there exists a very strong sympathy between the English and German speaking nations in regard to their representations, and that consequently one who knows the German language is likely to be benefitted in obtaining a more complete command of his own language and of being benefitted in his business relations.

The request was granted by the Board. Some doubt, however, are entertained in regard to the propriety of occupying the buildings in this way, and the matter must, therefore, be regarded as an experiment.

The children in the higher grades of the grammar schools will now have an opportunity of acquiring the German language at a time when the organs of speech are flexible, the memory retentive and the attention of the scholars easily retained, especially while having a language, which makes those travel, as it were, from America to Germany, and from Germany back again to America

JOSH BILLINGS ON MUSIC.—It hav ben sed by sum poit that musick hav charms to suthe a savige, an in fac I hav seen a feller with a ban orgin set snakes to sleep, an a hole managery of wild beests can be suthed by a large size bras ban. I even wonce new a feller what cud whissel toons til awl the snakes in a vas wildenes, politically speekin, for between yu an me twas only a small patch ov woods bac ov my farther's lot,) wood crawl out ov there holes an lie down at his feet. But their is exceptions tu most awl rules an a incident in mi own life surves to illustrate it.

Wonce when I was a boy I started to foller a ban waggin an a sledist—at fust I tuk it kinder moderit like but aftur awhile my blud got up and I was goin it at a Dexter pace all the time swatchin the ban fellers when al ov a sudding I stumped my to on a elevation uv the sidewark an in fallin I caut hole uv a yung womins Polo-in-ax an—well to make a long story short she want hafe as well suted as the young lady who had her music bound at THE CONSTITUTION Book Bindry last week.

YESTERDAY was charming. A sweet sunshine that stirred the blood, tinged the pale cheek and gave vitality to the Gate City. It invited our people to action, provoked it, and judging from the number on the streets, there must have been some trade, particularly by the females, as the thousand and one other things, the incomprehensible paraphernalia of that absorbing feminine diversion, known only to the women of the period; frills and furbelows and dimities, etc. In fact the counters in several large dry goods houses were heavy in choice confounding profusion.

There were quite a number of wagons from the country on the streets, and things generally appeared livelier, and the city gave more evidence of vim than has been seen for a week past.

Local and Business Notices.

AN elegant line of Ladies, Misses and Children's Shawles, new and beautiful designs, at the New York Store, No. 39 Whitehall street. STEINHEIMER BROS.

sep29-d3t

GAY, MCCLESKEY & Co., Peachtree street, are now receiving their new stock of Fall and Winter Goods.

It is impossible to enumerate Goods or prices, but suffice it to say, they have one of the largest and most attractive stocks of Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, etc., now offering to the Retail Trade of Atlanta. Their new store is now being completed, and furnishes them a large, handsome and well lighted room in which to exhibit their Goods.

They solicit a call from all, feeling confident that they can successfully compete with any house in the city, either as to *quality, style* or *price*.

GAY, MCCLESKEY & CO.,
89 and 91 Peachtree street.

sep29-d3t&w1t.

500 pieces all-wool Cassimeres, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, and Satinets, for men's, boys' and youth's wear, "very cheap," at the New York Store, No. 39 Whitehall street.

sep29-d3t STEINHEIMER BROS.

JOHN KEELY offers for sale the "Eclipse" Black Alpaca—The Best Goods Made—the color of every piece guaranteed.

JOHN KEELY,
sep29-d3t cor. Whitehall and Hunter.

A complete line of ladies, misses and children's Boulevard Skirts, "most beautiful designs." Do not fail to purchase one of those handsome "Queen Augusta" Skirts, at the New York Store, No. 39 Whitehall street.

sep29-d3t STEINHEIMER BROS.

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS.—They are getting in an elegant and extensive stock of Millinery and Fancy Goods, Hair Goods, and at Knox's Millinery and Variety Store, 25 Whitehall street, and are selling at the same low prices as formerly. sep29-d3t

A full and complete line of Dress Goods, including black and colored Alpacas of the "Mary Stuart make," imported exclusively by A. T. Stewart & Co., of New York. The New York Store, No. 39 Whitehall street, is the "place to buy these goods.

sep29-d3t STEINHEIMER BROS.

JOHN KEELY is opening a large handsome stock of Goods, on which he will ask the smallest possible profits.

He is also offering the following "Bargains," in goods which he obtained not through the ordinary channels of trade, viz:

Black Alpacas, slightly wet, 65 cents per yard—worth $1 00.

150 Japanese Silks, plain and brocaded, $5 00 per dress—worth $9 00 to $15 00.

500 pieces Embroideries at half value, (beautiful goods.)

500 dozen Lace-edge Ruffling, 25 cents per bolt—worth $1 25.

1,000 fine Linen Collars and Cuffs 10 cents each—worth 25 to 50 cents.

Misses Hats, a large lot, at one-fourth the value.

Call early, as "Bargains" *will* be sold.

JOHN KEELY,
cor. Whitehall and Hunter streets.

sep29-d3t

THE cheapest Lace Collars can be bought at D. & E. STEINHEIMER'S.

sep28—d3t

ICE CREAM.—R. G. Thompson is prepared, from this date, to supply families, parties and picnics, with Ice Cream, in any quantity, at reasonable prices. apr17-wed & sun-tf

THE regular weekly shipments of Weed Sewing Machines just received, bringing new tables, new attachments, Salters & Cutters' sewing silk, Wilamantic soft finish six-cord spool cotton. Call and examine.

WEED S. M. CO. SALESROOM,
Corner Broad and Marietta Streets,
Atlanta, Ga.

N. B.—5,000 packing boxes, all sizes, for sale. WEED S. M. OFFICE.

sep28—d3t

A FULL line of Concord Jeans, at

sep28-d3t D. & E. STEINHEIMER'S.

M. & J. HIRSCH, No. 51 and 53 Whitehall street, are the first in the field with a mammoth stock of clothing, comprising Diagonal, Scotch and Melton suits, all of which were manufactured under the superintendence of one of our firm, and are guaranteed to the trade. None but the best Foreign and Domestic material has been used, and we guarantee satisfaction in every instance.

Examine our stock of genuine Kersey and Melton Over-coats before you purchase.

sep23—sat-sun tues

$10,000.—Ten Thousand Dollars worth of Shoes and Boots at manufacturers cash prices, at D. & E. STEINHEIMER'S,
Corner Whitehall and Mitchell street.

sep28—d3t

FOR THE SUMMER.—I am now prepared to furnish regular meals at the usual hours. My Restaurant is fitted up for the summer campaign. R. G. THOMPSON.

apr17-wed & sun-tf

ATTENTION, LADIES.—Mrs. J. F. Reeves & Co., will open the rooms over Talley's old store, Whitehall street (formerly occupied by Mrs. Jane Kenedy & Co.) for

DRESS MAKING, OCTOBER 1ST.

☞ Also, Stamping neatly and promptly done. sep28—d2t

"WE need no advice but money," is the general saying, but when we advise our friends and the public in general to go to M. & J. Hirsch's Clothing House and examine their stock of Mens' and Youths' Clothing, which has been manufactured to order in the most careful manner and latest style, they will acknowledge that such advice is as good as cash. There is no doubt that their stock of Clothing is equal if not superior to any in the country, Merchant Tailors not excepted. Remember, M. & J. HIRSCH,
51 and 53 Whitehall street.

sep28—sat-sun-tues

WE are requested to advise the public that Wm. P. Hall, Esq., of Charleston, S. C., is expecting, at that port, a direct importation of Spanish Jacks, to arrive about November 1st. They are represented as being very superior. Persons wishing to secure one would do well to communicate with said gentleman. sep27—d2taw4w

BARBER SHOP.—George Davis & Mac Hill have opened a new Barber Shop, next to James' new Bank Block, on Whitehall street. They invite the patronage of the public Shaving 15 cents—first-class.

sep26—d1w

OLD PAPERS! OLD PAPERS!—For sale at CONSTITUTION OFFICE in bundles of 100 copies each for convenience of customers. $1 per hundred.

FALL ANNOUNCEMENT.—The flattering success of the past season has compelled us to extend our facilities in our Merchant Tailoring Department, in order to supply the increasing demand. The substantial support or a generous public has encouraged us to procure, at a large salary, the services of one of the most experienced Cutters in the profession, who is assisted by a corps of first-class workmen which enables us to produce elegant garments at reasonable prices.

EISEMAN & BRO.,
56 Whitehall street.

sep21-d1f

ICE CREAM, by the gallon or plate. Families and parties supplied. LEWIS COOK,
may8—dtf Collier Building.

VALUABLE PROPERTY

For Sale on Time.

I OFFER for sale one-half interest in my MILL PROPERTY, situated two miles from the Central Railroad, con-isting of a Cotton Mill, of 600 Spindles, capacity 400 lbs. of thread a day; a Circular Saw and Grist Mill, Wool Cards and a Cotton Gin, with a good run of custom, all propelled by water from a never-failing stream. Also, a stock of goods, and the best stand for a country store in this section. Location healthy. Buildings all new.

Terms will be made satisfactory to an acceptable purchaser.

JOHN McKINNE,
Refer to Chas. Whitehead, Atlanta, Ga.
Midville, 9½ C. R. R., Ga. September 13, 1872.
sep28-d4t.

FRESH NORFOLK OYSTERS

R. B. SIBLEY, Oyster Packer,
NORFOLK, VA.

OYSTERS put up in any way or quantity ordered, and at the lowest prices. Orders solicited and faithfully attended to.

sep18—d3m

NOTICE.

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AT W. W. CHAPMAN'S,

WILL TAKE NOTICE—Their accounts and notes will be turned over to an Attorney for collection by the first of October next, and no mistake.

sep20—d1tilloct W. W. CHAPMAN.

Wesleyan Female College,

MACON, GEORGIA.

THE THIRTY-FIFTH ANNUAL SESSION WILL begin October 7th, 1872.

For Catalogues containing full information, address REV. H. H. MYERS, D. D.,
or C. W. SMITH,
Secretary Faculty.

aug9-d1oct7

GAINESVILLE HOTEL,

Gainesville, Georgia,

J. A. CHRISTIAN, Proprietor.

THIS House has been Refitted and supplied with New Furniture, and will compare with the best. The Table always supplied with the best the market affords, and special attention given to the comfort of guests.

There will be found at all times upon the arrival of regular trains, at the depot, hacks, etc., to convey to this house, free of charge, its patrons.

RATES OF BOARD:

Single Meals	$ 50	Two Weeks	$25 00
Per Day	2 00	Per Month	35 00
Per Week	10 00		

may7—sep26-dtf

JOHN KEELY is opening a large handsome stock of Goods, on which he will ask the smallest possible profits.

He is also offering the following "Bargains," in goods which he obtained not through the ordinary channels of trade, viz:

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RATES OF BOARD:

Single Meals	$ 50	Two Weeks	$25 00
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may7—sep26-dtf

GORMAN'S

River Plantation

FOR SALE,

18 Miles from Atlanta.

N. R. FOWLER, Auctioneer

In Douglass County.

1,248 ACRES.

640 Acres of Fine Bottom Land.

The balance Oak and Hickory—Well Timbered.

IT HAS BEEN SUBDIVIDED INTO

Four Farms.

No. 1—194 ACRES WOOD LAND—80 of which is Creek and River Bottom cultivated, and 111 Acres of fine Bottom cleared. All of which will be sold or subdivided as the purchaser may desire. A

New Grist Mill and Cotton Gin

is on this Farm. Also,

Two Tenement Houses,

one of 4 rooms and one building.

No. 2 contains 151 acres of woodland land, 120 acres of bottom land. On this is a

Frame Dwelling

of 8 rooms and out buildings, and two fine orchards.

No. 3 has 143 acres of wood land, cleared land 147 acres. On this is two tenement houses. On this also, is a splendid

WATER POWER.

No. 4 has 154 acres of wood land, cleared land 185 acres. On this place are

Three Tenement Houses.

The above property will be

Sold in Atlanta,

ON THE

First Tuesday in November next,

AT AUCTION.

If parties desire they can effect a private sale of this property.

WE ALSO HAVE A

FARM IN CAMPBELL COUNTY FOR SALE.

It consists of 450 acres, 150 acres of Creek bottom, balance well timbered. On it is a good Frame Dwelling and out buildings.

Terms—One-half cash; balance in 12 months.

Map can be seen at Redwine & Fox's, Atlanta, Ga. Surveyed by D. T. Milling.

A. S. & JAMES M. GORMAN,
Proprietors.

REFERENCES—Wallace & Fowler, W. J. Garrett, Gen. A. Austell, M. G. Dobbins.

sep18-d1tst-mon-tu-nov

DR. VAN NORMAN'S

ENGLISH, FRENCH and GERMAN Family and Day-School for Young Ladies and Children, New York. Will commence its fifteenth year, September 20, 1872. For full information, send for Catalogue to Address D. C. VAN NORMAN,
17 West 45th street, New York.

sep14-d3m—wednes sat

To Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned until October 10th for Building a

Baptist Church at Stone Mountain;

Bidders to give estimates for building of brick, rock and concrete, the committee reserving the right to reject any or all of the bids.

Plans can be seen upon application to J. W. McCurdy.

P. B. McCURDY, Chairman,
W. G. WHITBY, Secretary,
Building Committee.

Stone Mountain, September 24, 1872.

sep24-2aw2d

"BAZAAR GAZETTE."

IN connection with the Bazaar to be held in Atlanta, between the 9th and 19th prox., for the benefit of

St. Philip's (New) Episcopal Church,

WILL BE PUBLISHED THE

"BAZAAR GAZETTE,"

a Daily paper containing items of general and local interest; also, contributed from the pens of many of the most accomplished writers of the day.

The price of subscription is $1 00; and the ladies connected with the enterprise, earnestly and hopefully solicit subscribers.

sep18-d1w

O. A. SMITH,

MANUFACTURER OF

Felt, Cement and Gravel Roofing,

CONCRETE PAVING, Dry and Tarred Sheathing Felt, and Roofing Materials constantly on hand. Office and Factory, Elliott street, rear of Gas Works

aug26-2aw2m

Executors' Sale.

BY virtue of an order granted by the Court of Ordinary for Richmond county, will be sold at the place of public sales for Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in October next, the following described real estate, belonging to the estate of Mathew Rice, late of said county, deceased:

All that tract or parcel of land, with the improvements thereon, which consist of two brick house and livery stables, with necessary out-houses, situate, lying and being in the City of Atlanta, known and designated on the plan of said city as lot number four of Block number seventeen, and is bounded on the North, by Mitchell street, and fronting on said street one, and on the South by lot number three, containing one acre more or less.

This property will be divided in accordance with the improvements, and the dimensions of lots as subdivided made known on day and at place of sale.

Terms Cash—purchasers to pay for papers and stamps. WILLIAM J. HAMILTON,
DANIEL GALLEAR,
PATRICK O'CONNOR,
Executors Mathew Rice.

sep17-d1ds

Carriage for Sale.

A SECOND-HAND, Two-seated, Set-Down, Extra strong, and sound as new. Just the thing for hack purposes. Also, good second-hand double harness. Address P. O. BOX 419, Atlanta, Ga. sep26-d3t

FOR SALE.

A VILLAGE HOME, six acres, on Georgia Railroad, 5½ miles from Union Depot, Atlanta. Improvements—Cottage with 6 rooms, and premises nearly all well enclosed.

Terms ¼ cash, balance 1 and 2 years, with interest.

BELL & GOLDSMITH,
sep21-d2t Real Estate Agents.

CUMMING AND DULUTH

HACK LINE.

J. W. JAMES & CO., are now running, for the accommodation of the traveling public, a good TWO HORSE HACK, three times a week, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, and making close connection with the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railroad, leaves Duluth at 8 o'clock, A. M., in time for the arrives at Duluth at 5 o'clock, P. M., in time for the down train to Atlanta. Leaves Duluth at 9 o'clock in the morning and arrives at Cain's House, in Cumming, at 1 o'clock, P. M. Fare, $1 50.

Careful drivers. Terms moderate.

sep14-tf

BARGAINS FOR THE FALL!

THE CHEAPEST GOODS EVER OFFERED.

1,000 MISSES FINE HATS, in Velvet, Velours and Plush, new styles, 25 to 50 cents each, worth 75 cents to $1 50 each.

5,000 yards Embroideries at HALF PRICE, (positively.)

300 Hand-made Alpaca Wraps, Plain and brocaded, $3 00 each, worth from $9 00 to $15 00 each.

500 pieces Lace-edge Ruffling, 25 cents per piece, worth $1 00 to $1 25 per piece.

1 case of the Cheapest Hosiery ever offered.

200 choice Needlework Sets, 25 cents each, cost 50 cents Gold to import.

300 yards BLACK ALPACA, slightly wet but perfect, 45 cents, worth $1 00.

A large lot Towels, 20 cents each, worth 35 cents.

Suffice it to say that the above Goods were not purchased in the REGULAR CHANNELS OF TRADE They are perfect, and

CANNOT BE DUPLICATED IN ATLANTA.

In addition to the above I have just received full lines of the following Goods, which are CHOICE, and will be SOLD AT SHORT PROFITS, viz:

Black Dress Goods in Cashmere, Merinoes, Bombazines, Tamise Cloths, Australian Crapes, Barathea, Sateens, etc., Fancy Dress Goods in every style, large assortment of Ribbons, Ladies Neck Ties, a fine selection of Lace Collars. The best assortment of Real and Imitation Guipure Laces, and Real Valenciennes, Edging and Insertions, perhaps, ever offered in Atlanta.

A fine stock of Domettes, Canton Flannels, Flannels, Balmoral and Boulevards Skirts, Shawls, Blankets, Hosiery and Gloves, Notions, etc.

I keep the best line of Black Alpacas made—THE "ECLIPSE," and guarantee the color of every piece of the same.

JOHN KEELY,
Corner Whitehall and Hunter Streets.

sep22—dtf

TURNIP SEED.

Fresh and Genuine from best Eastern Growers.

A FULL STOCK,

NOW in store and to arrive, of Ruta Bags, white and yellow; Purple Top, strap leaf, Globe, Flat Dutche Globe, Flat Dutch, Cow Horn, and all other improved standard varieties, and selling at very lowest Cash Prices.

Now is the time to buy you supply—you will soon have to sow.

The Fruit Season is also at hand, and those expecting to enjoy and save their fruit should be supplied with

Peach and Apple Parers, Cider Mills and Wine Presses.

I have on hand, 200 Celebrated Lightning PEACH PARERS, 100 Celebrated Lightning APPLE PARERS.

Two Cases of the combined Apple Parer, Corer and Slicer.

Thistlethwaite's Single Cider Mills and Presses, and a sufficient supply of Double Mills, for those who may wish to make cider on a large scale.

Descriptive price lists sent on application.

J. BEN WILSON,
(Successor to Echols and Wilson,
Broad street, by the Bridge, Atlanta, Ga.

july6—d3m

WILLIAM RICH & COMPANY,

WHOLESALE

NOTIONS, MILLINERY and FANCY GOODS,

Atlanta, Georgia,

HAVE REMOVED TO CLARKE'S BUILDING, No. 15 DECATUR STREET, opposite The H. I. Kimball House, are now fully prepared for the

FALL TRADE,

with one of the largest and best assorted Stocks of Goods in the South.

Merchants will promote their interests by examining our Stock and Prices before purchasing elsewhere.

N. B.—WE ARE PREPARED TO DUPLICATE NEW YORK BILLS.

sep21-d&w1m WILLIAM RICH & CO.

SOUTHERN TERRA COTTA WORKS.

THE undersigned have their works in full operation and are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of

TERRA COTTA WORKS,

—SUCH AS—

Window Caps,

Enrichments for Cornice, such as

BRACKETS, MEDALLION,

and everything in the Architectural line. Also,

CHIMNEY TOPS, VASES,

Flower Pots, Statuary, Etc., Etc.

ALSO MANUFACTURERS OF

SEWER PIPE

from 8 inches to 30 inches in diameter. Also, interior decoration, such as

Centre Pieces, Cornice, etc.

We will guarantee all the work that we undertake to execute to give entire satisfaction.

may21—d1y PELLEGRINI & GIORGI.

United States Hotel

FOR SALE.

Valuable Atlanta Property.

##

The Daily Constitution.

CHARGE OF THE DRESS BRIGADE.

Half a league, half a league half a league rearward,
Right through the mire and dirt,
Much to its beauty's hurt,
Dragged the rich silken skirt,
Half a league rearward.

Half a peck, half a peck, half a peck fully?
Hirsute and woolly,
Right in the liquid air
Rose up the pate of hair,
From other heads rendered,
Nobly astraddle on it,
Rode the brave bonnet.

Rode, though it wondered—
Curls to the right of it,
Curls to the left of it,
Curls to the rear of it,
Curls that were plundered.

What though men shout, "Oh, fie!
Fortunes you have squandered!"
Theirs not to make reply,
Theirs not to reason why,
Theirs but to dress or die—
"Charge!" so the clerks they cry—
"Charge by the hundred!"

A WONDERFUL SAWMILL.

The Story of a Wicked Gothamite Who Left a Letter in His Pocket.

St. Louis Republican New York Letter.]

It's wonderful how these men manage matters, but sometimes they meet their match, as a very notable gentleman here did lately. He has a mother living in a town up the Hudson, and like an excellent son he has made frequent trips to her residence during the summer. His wife some time ago had a little tiff with her mother-in-law, and has held no intercourse with her for some time. But never interfering with her husband's filial feelings, she has always listened interested to the details of certain business transactions in which the mother has required the aid and counsel of her son so often lately. It was till about a sawmill and the selling thereof. Mr. W. flew up repeatedly at sudden calls, always faithfully reporting the tedious proceedings between the man who wanted to buy the saw mill and his mother when he came back. The wife very lately was going through the contents of her husband, as every loyal wife should, when she found a scrap of scented paper, the fragment of a note, on which was written in feminine chirography these strange words: "——not go until the ninth, when of course you'll have to see about the saw-mill, and then we need not ——." The handwriting on the wall had appeared. Mrs. W. needed no help to unriddle that harrowing tale. Most wives would have exploded on the arrival of the perfidious man. But no, she took counsel of herself, and patiently waited for the sawmill to turn up. In the meantime she got further in a letter she found from the mother up the Hudson, who mildly reproved her son for his neglect, and hoped Alice (his wife) didn't prevent his coming to see his old mother.

The ninth eventuated of a Monday. Sunday the husband carelessly said: "Butler was down to see me Saturday. The transfer of mother's sawmill is to be made to-morrow; more than likely I shall have to go up there. If I do I'll get seats and send Allan up to take you to Roi Carrotte." Is there any imagination able to conjure up the tumultuous condition of Mrs. W.'s mind as the terrible words "mother's saw mill" were uttered? Wonderful woman! she contained hers in calmness. Monday, after an elaborate shaving and shirting, paterfamilias affectionately kissed the baby and his wife, and with another allusion to the "cursed saw mill" went down town. Mrs. W. went out, and interviewed an Irish coupe driver who holds out on Twenty-second street, a stone's throw from Mr. W.'s residence. Wrapped in a water proof, the wife spent hour after hour in front of her husband's business place, the curtains close drawn. At noon a red-capped messenger entered the place, came forth and waited on the steps till Mr. W. came out and handed him a note. Then, equipped in his new fall coat, the worthy W. went forth, followed close by the coupe. Down to Peck slip he went, on board of the Hartford steamboat he stepped. John got off the box and went in, returning with word that "Mr. W. was getting a stateroom key given him."

This was about 2 o'clock, and the boat left at 4. Mrs. W. went home, made some domestic arrangements for her intended absence over night; found a note from her husband—"just as he thought; the saw mill was at it again; shouldn't be back till Tuesday night, perhaps Wednesday forenoon. Mrs. W. drove back to Peck slip, got on board the Hartford boat and waited further developments. As the last bell was ringing, up drove the carriage, out jumped Mr. W., "Oh, shame! oh, sorrow! oh, bad mankind!" out jumped a pretty girl of eighteen or twenty. Both speedily went on the boat, and in a minute more the wife, husband and the party of the third part were gliding by Blackwell's island. If a realizing knowledge of his coming fate could have burst on Mr. W., how gladly would he have exchanged his fall overcoat for one of the striped jackets wheeling stone along the island wall, and put in a thirty days' sentence to escape what this month of September brought him. Mrs. W.'s stateroom door commanded the head of the stairs. From its partly opened portal she watched. The gong sounded. Promptly to the call of hash sallied out the recreant W. and the guileless maiden. To the supper table they repaired and thither also went Mrs. W., bidding the waiter at the door seat her opposite that lady and gentleman, she sallied up in front of the loving couple. The gentleman, was at the moment assiduously attending to the wants of his companion, and Mrs. W. had fairly brought herself to an anchor opposite, when he raised his eyes. There have been moments in which men's hairs have suddenly lifted, when the horror of some awful situation has struck 'em dumb. This was the kind of moment that overtook Mr. W. His hair is red; it flared up like the burning of Moscow. Not a word he uttered, but he rose as one with a sudden pain. The lady opposite did the same, and amid the wondering glances and grins of the boat hands, the husband followed the wife to the saloon above. There was a scene, several passengers being interested listeners. The husband uttered no defense—there was none to offer; but oh, Lord! what a repentant rooster he was! Not much lack of back talk in him; he made no sort of a fight; he went down on the marrow bones of his soul. He retired to his wife's stateroom, while his wife had a colloque with the party of the third part; and very lively the female passengers of that boat made it for her, gathering around and expressing their opinions in a way more free than pleasant. The first landing made by the boat was at one of the hundred and one Haddams that thickly stud the banks of the Connecticut. It was all hours in the morning, but the husband, perfectly satisfied that some one Haddam, got off with the wife who had him, and from Haddam, the truly repentant came back to New York the next day.

How a United States Senator Refused a Set of Diamonds for His Wife.

On Saturday, in a broker's office on California street, a magnificent set of diamonds, consisting of a brooch and ear-rings, were valued by experts and sold to a prominent importing merchant, who designed them as a present for his wife. The history of these jewels is an interesting one.

Last winter a large manufacturing company in the northwestern part of the city, desiring to perfect the title to the lands occupied by them, sent an agent to Washington to secure the passage of the bill relinquishing the claim of the United States to the site of their works—the city having previously reliquished its claim. During his stay in Washington this gentleman was treated very kindly by Carl Schurz, who introduced him to members, and aided him to lay his case before them. Upon the return of this agent the members of the company, feeling very grateful to Mr. Schurz, and being desirous of expressing it in some delicate manner, made up a subscription, purchased a beautiful set of diamonds for $2,000, gold, and sent them by express to Mr. Schurz. In a little while the diamonds were returned, accompanied by a letter from Senator Schurz, in which he thanked them for the compliment intended, but informed them that both he and Mrs. Schurz felt that as the wife of a Senator of the United States she could not afford to wear diamonds until her husband could afford to purchase them for her, and was constrained to refuse their beautiful gift. The would-be donors thereupon decided to sell the diamonds and take back the money. And this is the way these glittering gems happened to be in the California street broker's office on Saturday afternoon.

INDIANA AND OHIO.—Prominent Republicans give up Indiana and Ohio. Henry Wilson admits that they will lose Indiana, and another Radical, an ex-Senator, says that the German vote in Ohio is gone, and wonders why the Grant men did not buy up Hassaurck and stop it. The depression of the Grant men here has been very marked for days past, and is only equaled by the exultant confidence of the Liberals.

Leading Letters.

HALF ALIVE.—It is a sad thing to pass through life only half alive. Yet there are thousands whose habitual condition is one of languor and debility. They complain of no specific disease; they suffer no positive pain, but they have no relish for anything which affords mental or sensuous pleasure to their more robust and energetic fellow beings.

In nine cases out of ten this state of lassitude and torpor arises from a morbid stomach. Indigestion destroys the energy of both mind and body. When the waste of nature is not supplied by a due and regular assimilation of the food, every organ is starved, every function interrupted.

Now, what does common sense suggest under these circumstances of depression? The system needs rousing and strengthening; not merely for an hour or two, to sink afterwards into a more pitiable condition than ever (as it assuredly would do if an ordinary alcoholic stimulant were resorted to), but radically and permanently.

How is this desirable object to be accomplished? The answer to this question, founded on the unvarying experience of a quarter of a century, is easily given. Infuse new vigor into the digestive organs by a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Do not waste time in administering temporary remedies, but wake the system up by recuperating the fountain-head of physical strength and energy, the great organ upon which all the other organs depend for their nurture and support.

By the time that a dozen doses of the great vegetable tonic and invigorant have been taken, the feeble frame of the dyspeptic will begin to feel its benign influence. Appetite will be created, and with appetite the capacity to digest what it craves. Persevere until the cure is complete—until healthful blood, fit to be the material of flesh and muscle, bone and nerve and brain, flows through the channels of circulation, instead of the watery pabulum with which they have heretofore been imperfectly nourished.

sep24-deod1w&wlt.

A DELIGHTFUL SURPRISE.—Ladies whose faces are clouded by superficial discolorations, and who have resolved to try Hagan's Magnolia Balm as a remedy, have no idea of the welcome surprise they will receive from their mirrors after a few applications of that healthful purifier of the complexion. If at all excitable, they will scream with rapture on beholding the change. Whether the blemish it is desired to remove the sallowness, blotches, pimples, freckles, roughness, or an unnatural pallor, it is bound to disappear under the tonic operation of this wonderful agent. To say that the blemish disappears, does not, however, convey any idea of the effect produced by this celebrated beautifier. The unsightly tinge, whether diffused over the whole countenance or in spots, or patches, is replaced by a uniform, pearly bloom, to which no description can do justice.

sept24-deod1w&wlt.

A WORLD OF THANKS IS DUE to the botanist who first discovered the virtues of the *Quillaya Saponaria*, or Soap Tree of Chili. The wonderful cleansing and purifying property of its Bark gives to the fragrant Sozodont much of its unrivalled efficacy as a preservative of the teeth.

sept24-deod1w&wlt.

DR. TUFT'S Hair Dye has been analyzed by the best chemists in Europe and America, and its harmlessness certified to.

sept24-d1w&w1t.

$1,000 REWARD is offered by the proprietor of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, for a medicine that will equal it in the cure of all severe cases of "Liver Complaint" and all diseases arising from impurity of the blood, as Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, etc.

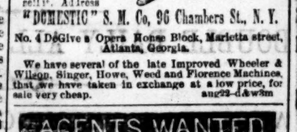
BLESSINGS brighten as they take their flight. The chief of blessings is good health, without which nothing is worth the having; it is always appreciated at its true value after it is lost, but too often not before. Live properly, and correct ailments before they become seated. For diseases of the liver, kidneys, skin, stomach, and all arising from impure or feebie blood, DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS are a sure and speedy remedy. It has never yet failed in a single instance. sep13—d&w4w

BACHELORS' HAIR DYE.—This superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfect; harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown, leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, 16 BOND STREET, oct8—d1y New York.

S. M. Agents: It don't pay you to fight the best machine; prove our claims; get the agency and sell it. Address "DOMESTIC" S. M. Co, 96 Chambers St., N. Y.

No. 4 DeGive's Opera House Block, Marietta street, Atlanta, Georgia.

We have several of the late Improved Wheeler & Wilson, Singer, Howe, Weed and Florence Machines that we have taken in exchange at a low price, for sale very cheap.



Also, for Campaign Goods, address GOODSPEED'S EMPIRE PUBLISHING HOUSE, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, or New York.

sep19—d&wlm

Take Notice!

REMOVAL.

AFTER October 1st, I will remove to No. 3 DeGive's Opera House Block, Marietta street, where I trust to see all my old customers and many new ones.

Agricultural Implements, Seeds and Guano.

Send 75 cents for the handsomest and most extensive Illustrated Catalogue ever published in the South. Money will be refunded to all who purchase goods amounting to Ten Dollars.

MARK W. JOHNSON,
DeGive's Opera House Block,
Marietta Street,
After October 1st, 1872.
sep19— July3—dtf

THE MOST PERFECT

ALARM CASH DRAWER,

MILES ALARM TILL CO'S.

EVERY Merchant SHOULD Use Them. EVERY DRAWER Warranted

Sold at FAIRBANKS' SCALE WAREHOUSES.

FAIRBANKS & CO.,
311 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
166 Baltimore Street, Baltimore.
89 Camp Street, New Orleans.

FAIRBANKS & EWING.
715 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & CO.,
118 Milk Street, Boston.

For sale by leading Hardware Dealers.
sep17—d&wlm

Agency Domestic and Indian Mission Board S. B. C.,

JONESBORO, GA., July 11, 1872.

Dr. H. Nelson, Atlanta, Ga.:

DEAR SIR: I followed up your treatment as directed for nearly a month, when I desisted. In about ten days or two weeks afterward my hearing returned, and now I hear about as well, quite as well, so far as I can tell, as I did before I lost the use of my left ear, in June, 1871. I feel that I am under obligations to you for your treatment, for I am relieved of a great deal of unpleasantness and inconvenience.

Fraternally yours,
W. H. CHAUDOIN, Dis. Sec. and C.,
Office on Marietta street, corner of Peachtree.
aug27—d1w&4thsr-tf

Railroads.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Georgia Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Augusta	8.00 o'clock A. M.
Leave Atlanta	5.15 " P. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	5.40 " P. M.
Arrive at Augusta	5.30 " P. M.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Augusta	6.30 " P. M.
Leave Atlanta	5.00 " P. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	6.45 " A. M.
Arrive at Augusta	6.10 " A. M.

Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	5.45 P. M.
Leaves Stone Mountain	6.40 A. M.
Arrives Atlanta	8.00 A. M.
Arrives Stone Mountain	7 P. M.

Macon and Western Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER—DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.

Leaves Atlanta	8.00 A M
Leaves Macon	8.00 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	3.15 P M
Arrives at Macon	7.20 A M

NIGHT PASSENGER—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta	4.00 P M
Leaves Macon	10.00 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	6.05 P M
Arrives at Macon	2.25 P M

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	12.00 P. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	5.56 A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	8.30 A. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	5.30 P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	4.45 P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	12.40 A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	4.15 A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	1.10 P. M

FAST LINE TO NEW YORK.

Leaves Atlanta	2.00 P. M
Arrives at Dalton	12.40 P. M

For Savannah via Macon and Western and Macon and Brunswick Railroad.

Leave Atlanta at	2.05 P. M.
Connect with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad at Macon at	8.20 P. M.
Arrive at Savannah	8.35 A. M.

Schedule of Rome Railroad.

DAY TRAIN.

Leave Rome	9.15 A. M.
Arrive at Kingston	8.30 A. M.
Leave Kingston	8.40 A. M.
Arrive at Rome	10.00 A. M.

NIGHT TRAIN.

Leave Rome	3.30 P. M.
Arrive at Kingston	4.00 P. M.
Leave Kingston	1.50 P. M.
Arrive at Rome	3.05 P. M.

St. Louis, Memphis, Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad Line.

TIME CARD, SEPTEMBER 1, 1872.

Leave Atlanta	8:30 A M	9:30	P M
Arrive Chattanooga	4:37 P M	5:35	A M
Arrive Nashville	12 50 A M	1:05	P M
Arrive McKenzie	8:30 A M	8:30	A M
Arrive Memphis	2:10 P M	2:25	A M
Arrive Little Rock		6:30	P M
Arrive Hickman	12:20 P M	12:01	P M
Arrive Union City	10:30 A M	10:30	P M
Arrive Columbus	12:00 noon	12:00	m d t
Arrive St. Louis	10:15 P M	9:50	A M
Arrive Louisville	8:40 A M	9:55	P M

ALBERT B. WRENN,
Southeast Agent,
Atlanta, Ga.

Savannah, Griffin and North Alabama Railroad.

Leaves Griffin	1 00 P M
Arrives at Newnan	3 45 P M
Leaves Newnan	4 00 A M
Arrives at Griffin	7 47 A M

Connects at Griffin with Macon and Western Railroad.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta	7 35 A M
Arrives at West-Point	11 45 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward.)

Leaves West-Point	2 25 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	7 00 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta	7 05 P M
Arrives at West-Point	11 50 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward.)

Leaves West Point	1 10 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	5 50 A M

Air-Line Railroad.

Leave Atlanta	6 00 A M
Arrive at End of Track	11 29 A M
Leaves End of Track	2 00 P M
Arrive at Atlanta	7 37 P M

The Great Southern PASSENGER AND MAIL ROUTE!

VIA

ATLANTA and AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

RUNNING A DOUBLE

Daily Through Passenger Train.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure as all seasons.

The Eating Houses

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this line are affable and courteous to passengers.

The Quickest Time and Sure Connection made by this Route.

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta TO Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York BY Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fare as Low by Augusta AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

PULLMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS

ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS LEAVING ATLANTA BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steamships,

from Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.

The Charleston Steamships

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

Unrivaled on the Coast.

Through Tickets on Sale at MONTGOMERY, WEST POINT AND ATLANTA TO NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

R. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent,
J. A. ROBERT, General Ticket Agent.
jan24—dtf

P. LEE, J. W. RIKETOWER.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE

Griffin, Georgia,

LEE & HIGHTOWER, Prop'tors

PERSONS visiting the Indian Springs, during the summer, will find it to their interest to call or us, in the way of the most pleasant route.

BETTER TURNOUTS

Careful Drivers and Quicker Time. We are prepared to furnish anything in the Livery line, at the shortest notice and reasonable terms.

apr19—dtf

THE KENNESAW HOUSE,

MARIETTA, GEORGIA,

HAS still Forty Rooms left, (neatly furnished) for permanent boarders, for whom every accommodation will be provided, as also Hops and amusements.

FLETCHER & PREYER, Proprietors.
W. E. OLDS, Assistant.
June19—dtf

Divorced.

MY FRIENDS and former patrons will please to collect this: I am not now in any way connected with the Plantation Publishing Company, but am employed by W. A. Hemphill & Co., to run their BINDERY. THE CONSTITUTION OFFICE is well adapted to do all kinds of work in the Binding or Printing line, and I shall be glad to have the favors of my friends to follow me.

aug27-dtf WM. H. HANLEITER.

M. N. ROGERS. W. S. GRUBBS

M. N. ROGERS & CO.,

(Successors to Rogers, Morgan & Grubbs.)

Manufacturers and Jobbers,

—OF—

Men's, Boy's and Youths' CLOTHING,

444 and 446 Broadway,

NEW YORK.

DEALERS are invited to inspect our stock. Our TRADE is confined to the COTTON STATES, our Goods are especially adapted to the wants of the Southern people.

MR. W. T. BURR, late Marshall & Burgs, Charleston, S. C., is connected with us, will be glad to see his former patrons and friends.

Orders solicited. We give those who favor us with their orders the right to return goods not satisfactory at our expense. July16—d3m

Hotels.

THE McAFEE HOUSE,

At Smithville, Georgia,

IS KEPT in the most elegant style. The cuisine is unsurpassed.

Trains from Macon dine at Smithville, and the traveling public will find at this House first-class accommodations. Give him a call.

june6—dtf

FAIRBURN HOTEL,

By MRS. E. McLARIN,

Fairburn.....Georgia.

$2 Board per Day $2.—dtf

THE Morning Trains from Atlanta to West Point, Georgia, breakfast at this House. Three trains breakfast daily.

HEARD HOUSE,

LaGrange.....Georgia.

BY GEORGE C. HEARD.

THIS House has been recently thoroughly renovated and refurnished. The tables always supplied with the best the market affords. Porters will be found at the Depot on every arrival of the Trains to take charge of baggage. feb25-dtf

CHOICE HOTEL,

Corner Broad and Bridge Streets,

ROME, GA.

J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.

Situated in the business part of the city.

Passengers taken to and from the Depot FREE OF CHARGE.

dec4-tf LEON A. CAMP, Clerk.

NEW HOTEL,

PALMETTO, - - GEORGIA.

W. Jackson House

Is now open to the Traveling Public.

jan18-dtf W. JACKSON, Proprietor.

THE MAJORS HOUSE,

BY E. MAJORS,

TRENTON.....GEORGIA.

He pledges himself his house will be kept in first rate style, and on moderate terms. novel-dtf

ECKLES HOUSE

AND

LIVERY STABLE,

SOCIAL CIRCLE, GA.

Rates of Board:

Single Meal	50 cents	Per Day	$ 2 00
Per Week	$8 00	Per Month	30 00

Livery Stable Charges at Corresponding Rates.
STERLING ECKLES, Proprietor.
june9-dtf

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

BY WILLIAM J. SIBERT,

(Near the Court House and Depot)

GADSDEN.....ALABAMA.

Guests will find everything new and neat. Servants attentive. Terms—$3 00 per day single meals fifty cents. nov19-dtf

TIBBS HOUSE,

Dalton, Ga.

L. B. STONE. J. B. WIMBERLY.

dec3-dtf

SENOIA HOTEL,

SENOIA, GEORGIA,

W. R. STILLWELL, Proprietor

may18—dtf

JOHNSON HOUSE,

BY MRS. DR. JOHNSON.

LINGSTON.....GEORGIA.

June13-dtf

BACON HOUSE,

LEXINGTON.....GEORGIA

JOHN W. BACON, Proprietor.

A REGULAR Two-Horse Hack will attend stage day, to convey passengers from the Railroad to and from Lexington, Ga. sep11-dtf

GLOBE HOTEL,

LAWRENCEVILLE, GA.,

HAS ample room for the accommodation of families.

Travelers will find at this House a regular

OLD VIRGINIA WELCOME,

And board as cheap as could be asked for.

The House has been refitted and improved, and will compare with the best.

Good water here, and a fine, healthy climate, unsurpassed in North Georgia.

I have also a Livery Stable attached. Horses and buggies can be had on reasonable terms.

W. J. BOEN, Proprietor.
June5-dtf

Pratt House,

(Formerly Brown House,)

Cuthbert.....Georgia,

T. J. PRATT, Proprietor.

HACKS in attendance upon all trains, and no pains spared to make guests comfortable.

march5—dtf

Wayside House,

RINGGOLD, GEORGIA,

IS now open for the reception of guests, together with transportation to Catoosa Springs and all other accessible places of note, at reasonable prices. All pains will be taken to render guests comfortable by

A. J. HEALAN & LADY.
feb9—dtf

SASSEEN HOUSE,

(Formerly United States Hotel.)

CORNER ALABAMA AND PRYOR STREETS

Atlanta, Georgia.

H. R. SASSEEN, Agent.....Proprietor

Terms—Transient Boarders, per day, $2. Single meal and lodging, 50 cents. sept2-dtf

Thomaston Hotel,

Thomaston.....Georgia.

THE undersigned having taken charge of the above House, takes pleasure in announcing to the public generally that no effort will be wanting to make it a first-class Hotel, and every effort will be made to give satisfaction to all who will favor him their patronage. Rates reasonable.

sep19-dtf H. T. JENNINGS, Proprietor.

BARLOW HOUSE,

AMERICUS, GEORGIA,

WILEY JONES.....Proprietor.

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. The proprietor flatters himself, from his long experience in the business, that he can and will give general satisfaction. The house is kept open from 6 A. M. to 8 P. M. The Omnibus meets all night trains, and attentive porters are at the depot for the house. apr30—dtf

Madison House,

MADISON, GEORGIA.

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